# The role of motivation for self-education in the training of public catering workers

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**Abstract.** The process of training specialists for the catering sector requires the formation of independent work skills for future employees to improve their professional competencies. In modern conditions, when acquired knowledge quickly becomes obsolete, there is no way to teach a student for his whole life. Therefore, there is a need to teach students the methods of independent education. A modern graduate of an educational institution should have the skills to independently solve various professional practical problems, be able to defend his point of view, engage in self-education throughout his professional activity. Independent work of students on a systematic basis allows them to form motivation to acquire new knowledge. A person 's motivation is based on prerequisites, stimuli and motives that motivate him to some kind of activity. Motives influence the assessment of the situation and decision-making. In order to form students' skills of independent educational activity, it is necessary to improve students' skills of self-assessment, rational organization of work, the ability to plan the time allocated for training. A modern graduate of an educational institution will be in demand in the labor market, provided that he will not only have a certain amount of knowledge, but also constantly replenish it, and for this the degree of motivation of graduates to self-education is of paramount importance. Unemployment primarily concerns low - skilled personnel. In the process of training specialists in the field of catering, students should be convinced that the growth of their knowledge, as well as constant independent work aimed at improving professional competencies in the future can guarantee stable work and a high level of demand in the labor market.

## 1 Introduction

One of the aspects that have a significant impact on the level of competitiveness of the state is the level of training of graduates of educational institutions. The requirements of the market economy every year put forward higher requirements for future specialists, among which it

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should be noted purposefulness, the ability to master new technologies and the ability to self-study. The increasing competition in the labor market requires the development and introduction of new pedagogical technologies and techniques, to carry out a continuous search for the most effective approaches to the organization of the educational process.

In this regard, an important role is played by the motivation of graduates to increase the level of professional knowledge.

According to [1] the study of the principles of professional activity-oriented motivations, the identification of factors,

The relevance of the formation of professional motivation among students is also conditioned by the fact that some students choose an educational institution without understanding the conditions of a subsequent professional career, therefore there is a need to correct such students' professional motivation.

According to some researchers [2] the success of a professional career depends 1/3 on the intellectual level and 2/3 on the level of motivation

According to [3] professional motivation is an individual's inherent system of needs and values that stimulate him to acquire professional knowledge and skills, as well as the formation of a conscious and responsible attitude to the chosen professional activity. High professional motivation allows you to achieve great success for subsequent professional growth.

According to [4] motivation is a system of factors that determine the intentions, needs, goals and desires of an individual. It has an impact on human behavioral activity. Motivation can be considered in situational and positional aspects.

In relation to educational activities, internal and external motives can be distinguished [5] (Fig.1)

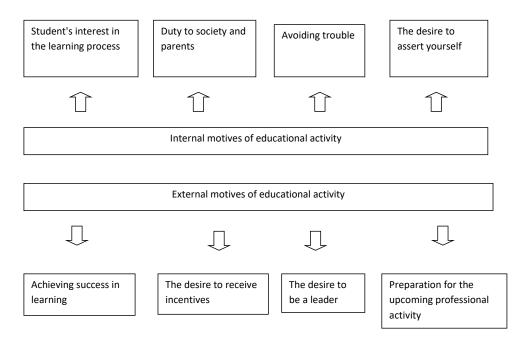


Fig.1. Internal and external motives of educational activity

According to [6], ensuring a stable level of professional motivation of trainees to participate in the educational process contributes to:

- 1) Formation of a system of professional values among students;
- 2) Creating the necessary conditions for self-improvement;

- 3) Maintaining a creative and cognitive psychological climate in the student environment;
- 4) Familiarization of trainees with the features of the upcoming professional activity
- 5) Formation of an effective "I –concept" among students.
- 6) Formation of students' self-assessment system.
- 7) The use of imitation of real life situations in the learning process
- 8) The use of collective forms of organization of educational activities;
- 9) The use of personal-role forms of studying educational material.

According to [7], the following motives of students' educational activity can be distinguished (Fig.2)

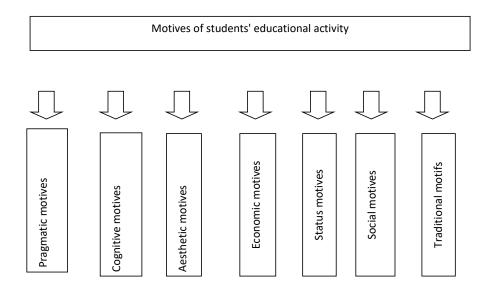


Fig. 2. Motives of students' educational activity

The authors [8] identify four main factors of motivation formation in trainees: content, evaluation, target and organizational. There is a close correlation between the motives and goals of students. For effective participation of the student as a full-fledged subject of the educational process, the student must be able to adequately assess the level of their knowledge, notice their shortcomings and see their achievements.

According to [9], the greatest motivational influence is exerted on the trainees by the educational material, which closely correlates with the emerging and existing needs of students.

The structure and method of disclosure of the studied educational material, using imitation solutions to real professional problems, as well as the effective organization of the educational process can have a beneficial effect on the formation of motivation [10] among students.

According to [11], the use of collective forms of organization of the educational process makes it possible to increase the motivation of poorly motivated students, thanks to interpersonal interaction with more motivated students. Teamwork contributes to the emergence of a competitive environment, which increases emotional attractiveness and allows you to intensify the flow of the educational process.

According to [12], the system of assessing students' knowledge also has a significant impact on the motivation of their educational activities. Objective assessment of students' academic achievements, focusing on the positive and negative aspects of their assimilation

of educational material contributes to the formation of students' self-reflection and an adequate assessment of their achievements. It should be noted that overly strict evaluation of students' educational activities, under certain circumstances, can reduce motivation to study due to a decrease in students' faith in their abilities.

According to [13], a creative approach to organizing educational activities associated with attracting students to scientific research, participation in Olympiads and scientific conferences has a beneficial effect on increasing students' motivation.

According to [14], the ability of students to effectively organize their self-educational activities, as well as to implement self-educational activities throughout their professional career, allows them to achieve significant success in mastering their profession.

#### 2 Methods

In carrying out this study, we used an analytical method by which the problems under study were studied in their development and unity. Taking into account the objectives and goals of the study, a structural and functional method of scientific research was applied. This allowed us to study a number of problems related to the role of motivation for self-education in the training of public catering workers.

## 3 Results

The priority requirements of modern society for graduates of educational institutions is to train specialists with critical thinking skills, be able to effectively solve various production tasks, constantly improve their professional skills and have creative development skills.

In our opinion, in order to increase students' motivation for educational activities, priority should be given to the formation of students' skills of independent educational activity. To do this, it is necessary to educate the trainees in the need for systematic self - control of their independent activities. Students should be able to plan and perform the received training tasks correctly. To increase the motivation of students, students should be offered, if possible, the solution of various professional tasks. The process of solving which provides for independent intellectual research activity.

Independent work of students contributes to the formation of students' skills of independent decision-making and a sense of responsibility for it.

Only a graduate of an educational institution motivated to self-education, possessing modern professional skills and knowledge, can have successful prospects of being in demand in the labor market.

Independent work of students contributes not only to the formation of their skills for solving a certain range of tasks, but also contributes to the formation of students' skills of self-correction and self-control of educational activities.

Students should understand that independent work plays the most important role in the process of professional growth. It is the student's ability to independently acquire the necessary knowledge that is the basis of future professional achievements.

As part of this study, we conducted a survey of students of the Dnipro University of the Humanities . In which we were interested in what needs to be done to increase their motivation to learn.

The survey results showed that 58% of respondents want more tasks aimed at solving practical problems in the educational process.

At the same time, it is not possible to create such a textbook in which it would be possible to provide for all issues related to vocational training. In turn, in the modern world, knowledge tends to become obsolete quickly.

In this regard, in our opinion, for a modern professional, his skills for self-educational activities are of paramount importance.

The degree of satisfaction of participation in the educational process makes students focus more on their efforts to acquire new knowledge.

Students' professional motivation is enhanced by their professional self-esteem.

### 4 Discussion

The training of specialists for the catering sector requires the formation of students' independent work skills to improve their professional competencies. In modern conditions, knowledge quickly becomes obsolete, and therefore it is not possible to teach a student for the rest of his life. In this regard, there is a need to teach students the methods of independent education. A modern graduate of an educational institution should have the skills to effectively solve various practical problems, be able to defend his point of view, engage in self-education throughout his professional career.

Independent work of trainees on a systematic basis contributes to the formation of their motivation to acquire new knowledge

A person 's motivation is based on prerequisites , stimuli and motives that motivate him to some kind of activity . Motives influence the assessment of the situation and decision-making.

To form students' skills of independent educational activity, it is required to develop students' skills of self-assessment, rational organization of work, the ability to plan the time allocated for training.

A graduate of a modern educational institution will be in demand in the labor market if he not only has a certain amount of knowledge, but also constantly replenishes it, and for this the degree of motivation of graduates to self-education is of great importance.

### **5 Conclusions**

Unemployment primarily concerns low - skilled personnel. In the process of training specialists in the field of catering, it is necessary to convince students that the growth of knowledge, constant independent work aimed at improving professional competencies in the future can guarantee stable work and a high level of demand in the labor market.

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