# МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ МИКОЛАЇВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ АГРАРНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ

Факультет культури й виховання

Кафедра іноземних мов

# АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА методичні рекомендації

для аудиторної та самостійної роботи здобувачів вищої освіти ступеня «бакалавр» всіх спеціальностей денної та заочної форм навчання для підготовки до ЄВІ

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# **3MICT**

ПЕРЕДМОВА	4
BAPIAHT 1	7
Читання (Reading)	7
Використання мови (Use of English)	13
BAPIAHT 2	16
Читання (Reading)	16
Використання мови (Use of English)	22
BAPIAHT 3	24
Читання (Reading)	24
Використання мови (Use of English)	30
BAPIAHT 4	33
Читання (Reading)	33
Використання мови (Use of English)	39
Варіант 5	41
Читання (Reading)	41
Використання мови (Use of English)	47
Варіант 6	49
Читання (Reading)	49
Використання мови (Use of English)	55
Варіант 7	57
Читання (Reading)	57
Використання мови (Use of English)	62
Варіант 8	64
Читання (Reading)	64
Використання мови (Use of English)	70
Варіант 9	72
Читання (Reading)	72
Використання мови (Use of English)	77
Додаткові завдання	80
Завдання 1	80
Завдання 2	81
Завдання 3	83
Завдання 4	85
Література	87

### ПЕРЕДМОВА

**Единого** вступного іспиту Програма створена урахуванням Загальноєвропейських рекомендацій мовної освіти (рівень B1-B2). 3 Запропоновані методичні рекомендації призначені для здобувачів вищої освіти ступеня «бакалавр» всіх спеціальностей денної та заочної форм навчання для підготовки до ЄВІ на аудиторних заняттях та під час їх самостійної роботи.

Зміст завдань для здійснення контролю якості сформованості іншомовної комунікативної компетентності уніфіковано за видами і формами завдань. У даних методичних рекомендаціях враховано особливості англійської мови: мовленнєва компетентність у читанні, а також мовні лексичні та граматичні компетентності.

Метою даних методичних рекомендацій є удосконалення навичок читання загального змісту та суттєвих деталей прочитаного; аналізу та реферування соціально-культурної літератури; володіння усною монологічною і діалогічною мовою в межах побутової, суспільно-політичної тематики; перекладу з іноземної мови на рідну та з рідної на іноземну текстів країнознавчого, суспільно-політичного змісту; продукування іноземною мовою ділової та професійної документації.

Загальна кількість питань тесту — 42. На виконання тесту відведено 60 хвилин. Для отримання сертифікату кожного року встановлюється допустима кількість правильних відповідей (наприклад, у 2020 році необхідно було відповісти на 9 правильних із 42 для отримання 100 балів та сертифікату). Кожен варіант завдань завдань складається з двох частин: 1) частина «Читання», 2) частина «Використання мови».

**Мета частини «Читання (Reading)»** — виявити рівень сформованості вмінь кандидатів самостійно читати і розуміти автентичні тексти за визначений проміжок часу.

Завдання для визначення рівня сформованості іншомовної компетентності в читанні зорієнтовані на різні стратегії: з розумінням основної інформації (ознайомлювальне читання), повної інформації (вивчальне читання) та пошук окремих фактів (вибіркове читання).

Для створення тестових завдань використовують автентичні тексти з друкованих періодичних видань, інтернет-видань, інформаційно-довідкових і рекламних буклетів, художньої літератури.

Тексти для ознайомлювального читання можуть містити до 5 % незнайомих слів, а для вивчального та вибіркового читання — до 3 %, про значення яких можна здогадатися з контексту за словотворчими елементами та за співзвучністю з рідною мовою (слова-інтернаціоналізми). Загальний обсяг текстів становить до 2 500 слів. У предметних тестах оцінюють уміння кандидатів розуміти прочитаний текст, виокремлювати ключову інформацію, узагальнювати зміст прочитаного, робити висновки на основі прочитаного.

**Мета частини «Використання мови (USE OF ENGLISH)»** — виявити рівень сформованості мовленнєвих і мовних граматичних і лексичних компетентностей кандидатів.

Частина «Читання» складається з Tasks 1—4. Частина «Використання мови» – Task 5 та Task 6.

### Тест складається із завдань трьох форм:

- **1.** Завдання на встановлення відповідності (Task 1, Task 3). У завданнях пропонується підібрати заголовки до текстів/частин текстів із наведених варіантів; твердження/ситуації до оголошень/текстів; запитання до відповідей або відповіді до запитань.
- **2.** Завдання з вибором однієї правильної відповіді (Task 2). Завдання складається з основи та чотирьох варіантів відповіді, з яких лише один правильний.
- **3.** Завдання на заповнення пропусків у тексті (Task 4, Task 5, Task 6). У завданнях пропонується доповнити абзаци/речення в тексті реченнями/частинами речень, словосполученнями/словами із наведених варіантів.

Лексичний мінімум вступника складає 2 500 одиниць відповідно до сфер спілкування і тематики текстів, визначених Програмою до ЄВІ.

# Сфери спілкування і тематика текстів для читання та використання мови:

- **І. Особистісна сфера Повсякденне життя і його проблеми:** сім'я, родинні стосунки, характер людини, помешкання, режим дня, здоровий спосіб життя, дружба, любов, стосунки з однолітками, у колективі, світ захоплень, дозвілля, відпочинок, особистісні пріоритети, плани на майбутнє, вибір професії.
- **ІІ. Публічна сфера**: погода, природа, навколишнє середовище, життя в країні, мову якої вивчають, подорожі, екскурсії, культура й мистецтво, засоби масової інформації, молодь і сучасний світ, людина і довкілля, одяг, покупки, харчування, науково-технічний прогрес, видатні діячі науки, свята, пам'ятні дати, традиції та звичаї в Україні та в країні, мову якої вивчають, видатні діячі історії та культури України та країни, мову якої вивчають, визначні об'єкти історичної та культурної спадщини України та країни, мову якої вивчають, музеї, виставки, живопис, музика, кіно, телебачення, театр, обов'язки та права людини, міжнародні організації, міжнародний рух.
- **III. Освітня сфера**: освіта, навчання, виховання, студентське життя, система освіти в Україні та в країні, мову якої вивчають, робота і професія, іноземні мови в житті людини.

**Граматичний інвентар для підготовки до ЄВІ:** 1) іменник, граматичні категорії (однина та множина, присвійний відмінок), іменникові словосполучення, лексичні класи іменників (власні та загальні назви: конкретні, абстрактні іменники, речовини, збірні поняття), 2) артикль, означений і неозначений, нульовий артикль, 3) прикметник, розряди прикметників, ступені порівняння прикметників, 4) числівник, кількісні, порядкові та дробові числівники, 5)

займенник, розряди займенників, 6) дієслово, правильні та неправильні дієслова, спосіб дієслова, часо-видові форми, модальні дієслова, дієслівні форми (інфінітив, герундій, дієприкметник), конструкції з дієслівними формами (складний додаток, складний підмет, складний присудок), 7) прислівник, розряди прислівників, ступені порівняння прислівників, 8) прийменник, типи прийменників, 9) сполучники, види сполучників, 10) речення, прості речення, складні речення, безособові речення, умовні речення (0, І, ІІ, ІІІ типів), 11) пряма й непряма мова, 12) словотвір.

Робота з даними методичними рекомендаціями допоможе здобувачам вищої освіти у вдосконаленні та подальшому розвитку знань з іноземної мови, набутих під час навчання в університеті та в процесі різних видів мовленнєвої діяльності. Дані методичні рекомендації можуть бути використані на курсах з англійської мови для підготовки до ЄВІ для вступу в магістратуру, реєстрація на іспит починається у травні кожного року, а сам ЄВІ проходить кожного року в літку (основна сесія на початку липня, та декілька додаткових в кінці липня та в початку жовтня).

### **BAPIAHT 1**

### Reading

### Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (1–5) to (A–H). There are three choices you do not need to use.

### Some Psychological Tricks to Make People Like You Immediately

Most friendships develop so naturally that you don't even realize how or when they started. Sometimes, though, you want to make an effort to befriend a new acquaintance or become a better friend to existing pals. Read on to find out how to develop better relationships faster.

1
This strategy is called <i>mirroring</i> , and involves mimicking the other person's behaviour. In 1999, New York University researchers documented the "chameleon effect", which occurs when people unconsciously mimic each other's behaviour, and this facilitates hiking. The psychological experiments showed that the participants were more likely to say that they liked their partner when their partner had mimicked their behaviour.
People tend to like things that are familiar to them. It was discovered that college students who lived closer together were more likely to be friends than students who lived farther apart. This could be because students who live close by can experience more day-to-day interactions with each other. Under certain circumstances, those interactions can develop into friendships. Even if you don't live near your friends, try sticking to a steady routine with them, such as going out for coffee every week or taking a class together.  3
People will associate the adjectives you use to describe other people with your personality. According to Gretchen Rubin, "whatever you say about other people influences how people see you." If you describe someone else as genuine and kind, people will also associate you with those qualities. The reverse is also true: if you are constantly trashing people behind their backs, your friends will start to associate the negative qualities with you as well.
4
People are more attracted to those who are similar to them. This is known as the

similarity-attraction effect. In his experiment, Theodore Newcomb measured his subjects' attitudes on controversial topics and then put them in a university-owned house to live together. By the end of their stay, the subjects liked their housemates more

when they had similar attitudes about the topics that were measured. If you hope to get friendly with someone, try to find a point of similarity between you two and highlight it.

5.\_\_\_\_

Self-disclosure may be one of the best relationship-building techniques. You can try this technique on your own as you're getting to know someone. For example, you can build up from asking them about their last trip to the movies to learning about the people who mean the most to them in life. When you learn personal information about another person, they are likely to feel closer to you and want to confide in you in the future.

- A Expect good things from people
- **B** Encourage people to talk about themselves
- C Spend more time together with others
- **D** Emphasize the shared values
- E Compliment other people
- **F** Always be in a good mood
- **G** Tell people your secrets
- **H** Imitate other people

#### Task 2

Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

# Cooking in the Classroom? Elementary!

The workplace of professional chef Catherine Pressler is a former storage room at Hunters Woods Elementary School. Outside Room 106, a sign proclaims, "Chef Pressler, Food FUNdamentals." This is where students come to take part in a cooking-based course which began several years ago when Pressler was looking for a way to be active in her children's school. Her kids aren't in elementary school anymore, but Pressler has stayed. Named Parent Teacher Association (PTA) Volunteer of the Year, she is the creator of a highly detailed and organised series of classes for kindergarten through sixth grade that adds to themes from daily course work.

How is cooking connected with math, science or history? Just look: Kindergartners whip up a recipe inspired by a popular children's tale, "Stone Soup'; as they handle the ingredients, they learn about geometric shapes, sorting, identification of fruits and vegetables, and the five senses. Lessons become more complex for the older kids. Fourth-graders prepare a grand menu from Colonial Virginia to review the state's history, culture and natural resources. Hunters Woods Principal Stephen Hockett says,

"Everything she does is amazing. To have children use their thinking skills and make connections to the real world is incredible. When kids are having a good time is when they learn the most." Pressler spends up to 60 hours a week preparing lessons, buying supplies and teaching. She volunteers her time; the supply budget comes from student fees, the PTA and sometimes her own pocket. The program has grown so large that Pressler is looking for grants and other sources of income.

You have to see Pressler in action to truly understand the scope of her program, and her dedication to the kids. On a spring afternoon in Room 106, third-grade students arrive to find gleaming stainless-steel pasta machines and other carefully organized supplies waiting on clean tabletops. Pressler isn't two minutes into the lesson before she gives the first hints that the program is about a lot more than cooking.

Pressler manages to talk without stopping, but without losing her young audience. Their eyes follow her as she springs around the room discussing history and geography, pulling down a world map here and pointing to an architectural poster there. Pulling out packages of pasta, she wows the kids with the variety of ingredients used to make different kinds of it, including soy, buckwheat, rice, corn and rye. Soon the class is shrieking with delight as they run dough through pasta machines and measure it for the longest-noodle contest.

Pressler is a role model with a diverse background. "I went to school in architecture and interior design. I'd always loved science, so then I went to graduate school in textile chemistry. Then I said, "I'm going to chef school now, as a hobby." And I found that's where my heart was. I worked as a pastry chef for a number of years and really loved that." She missed interacting with more people, however.

Pressler says she dreams of expanding the program to reach more students at other schools or taking her program to television. Her recipe for success is to integrate learning with life, instill enthusiasm for learning in the children, and inspire them to achieve their heart's desire.

# 1. Which of the following is TRUE of Catherine Pressler, according to PARAGRAGH 1?

- A Pressler used to cook meals for elementary school pupils.
- **B** Pressler started her food-based course at the PTA's request.
- C Pressler's work at school earned her public recognition.
- **D** Pressler's kids gave her the idea of "Food FUNdamentals"
- 2. What can be inferred from PARAGRAGH 2 about Pressler's course?
- A It teaches children practical skills.

- **B** It requires quick thinking.
- C It is provided free of charge.
- **D** It is arranged for one age group.

### 3. What problems does Pressler face in teaching her course?

- A creating the menu for pupils
- **B** searching for additional financing
- C getting the necessary ingredients
- **D** clearing up the mess after classes

### 4. Which of the following is NOT TRUE of Pressler's teaching techniques?

- A She captures students' attention.
- **B** She holds competitions in class.
- C She applies an interdisciplinary approach.
- **D** She conducts her lessons outdoors.

# 5. What are Pressler's plans for the future?

- A to open her own bakery
- **B** to continue her education
- C to widen her audience
- **D** to develop her own recipes

#### Task 3

Read the texts below. Match choices (1–6) to (A–H). There are two choices you do not need to use.

### **Famous Castles**

# 1. Tintagel Castle

After a period as a Roman settlement and military outpost, **Tintagel, Great Britain**, became a trading settlement of Cornwall during the 5th and 6th centuries. The castle itself was constructed in the 13th century. Its remains are still breathtaking: steep stone steps and thick walls which encircle the great hall. There are many myths and unanswered questions surrounding Tintagel. It is even associated with the romance of

Tristan and Isolde. The visitors of the local museum may see a display on the history of the site, including a series of finds from the medieval period excavations.

#### 2. Arundel Castle

**Arundel Castle, Great Britain**, is a restored medieval castle. Since the 11th century, the castle has been in the family of the Duke of Norfolk, and is still the principal seat of the family. Although the present Duke and Duchess still live in a section of the castle, the rest 1s open to the public. Arundel has been renovated and refurbished many times over the last seven centuries and its spectacular gardens and beautiful exterior have served as a shooting area for several movies. The modern castle may also be used for Corporate Events and Conferences.

### 3.Ussé Castle

Ussé Castle, France, is a pretty castle situated close to the River Loire. It is said that Ussé was the inspiration for the Sleeping Beauty fairy tale. The castle is lived in, and much of it is not open to the public, but there is still plenty to enjoy, including the 15<sup>th</sup> century kitchen, an impressive dining room, and some richly decorated bedrooms. For the past two decades, the castle has been filled with wax figures dressed in costumes from the 18th century up to now. The exhibition is changed each year to show the development of people's outfit.

### 4.Eltz Castle

Eltz Castle, Germany, is set in the hills in the middle of the forest surrounded on three sides by the river. It seems to have just grown out of the rock itself. Thanks to its beneficial position, it is among a few castles in Germany that have never been taken by enemies or destroyed. Remarkably, it is owned by the same noble family who built it over eight centuries ago in the 12th century, 33 generations ago.

### **5.Leeds Castle**

Leeds Castle, Great Britain, is what many people imagine when they think of an English castle. During its 900-year history, Leeds Castle has been the private property of six of England's medieval Queens and a palace used by Henry VIII. Lady Baillie, the last private owner, inherited the place in the early 1900s. In the 1930s Lady Baillie entertained high society from London coming to the castle for weekends. Today the interior offers visitors a glimpse of its rich past with a fine collection of art, porcelain and furniture

### 6. Urquhart Castle

Urquhart Castle, Scotland, was one of the largest strongholds of medieval Scotland. Though now in ruins, abandoned in the late 17th century, it remains an impressive

structure, overlooking Loch Ness. The castle is now owned by the National Trust for Scotland, and run by Historic Scotland Fund, which undertook a major construction program to create a visitor centre at the site, and to improve parking facilities. The visitor centre includes a display on the history of the site, a cinema, a restaurant and a shop. Urquhart Castle also hosts marriage ceremonies throughout the year.

Which castle \_\_\_\_\_\_?

A is attractive to people interested in the history of dress

B displays a collection of jewellery

C is used for holding weddings

D was protected by its location

E was used as a venue for social events

F was available as a film location

G inspired a famous artist with its scenery

H was a site of archaeological digging

#### Task 4

Read the texts below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

# World's Most Expensive Book Goes Up for Sale

A rare copy of John James Audubon's *Birds of America*, (1)\_\_\_\_\_, has been announced to go on sale at Sotheby's. Only 119 complete copies of the 19th-century book are known to exist, and 108 are owned by museums and libraries.

A separate edition of the wildlife book was sold for a record-breaking price of £5.7million a decade ago. The copy going under the hammer in December comes from the collection of Lord Hesketh. It contains 1,000 life-sized illustrations of almost 500 breeds. It took wildlife artist John James Audubon 12 years (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_. He did so by travelling across America, shooting the birds. He would then hang them on bits of wire to paint them. The artist then went to Britain to print the volumes and targeted the rich to buy copies.

Lord Hesketh's collection also includes a rare copy of Shakespeare's First Folio, which Sotheby's said is (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_. Of the 750 that were probably printed, only 219 are known to exist today. The copy, (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_, is offered for sale. It has a valuation of up

to £1.5 million, and only has three pages missing. It is one of only three textually complete copies to exist in private hands in a comparably early binding.
Letters written from Elizabeth I relating to Mary Queen of Scots are also going under the hammer at the sale, (5) David Goldthorpe, a senior specialist in Sotheby's books and manuscripts department in London, said: "To have all these items in one sale is remarkable; it's certainly never happened in my time, 15 years, and (6)
A "the most important book in all of English Literature"
<b>B</b> which takes place on 7 December
C billed as the world's most expensive book
<b>D</b> the famous American naturalist and artist
E which dates back to 1623
F portrayed even the largest birds
G to complete his study
H people who've been here longer can't recall it
Use of English
Read the texts below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C
or D).  Task 5
Tea and Ceylon are synonymous in many (1) Sri Lanka (Ceylon) is a land which has inherited a rich history of tea and continues to grow the best tea in the world, with its different climatic (2), producing variations in taste, quality, character and appearance. Ceylon tea is a brand of its own carrying out the (3) flavours of all regions in Sri Lanka. The various soil conditions and different elevations in each region give its teas the diverse characteristics. And no two teas are the same even when grown in the same region. Tea may (4) in flavour, colour and the aroma which embodies the sense of place.
As the world takes an organic (5) to life, tea has become a beverage preferred by many. The health benefits in tea are numerous, the most outstanding one being its antioxidants. Scientific (6) has confirmed that regular tea drinkers are protected from many chronic diseases, the main being heart diseases due to its powerful antioxidants. Ceylon tea is (7) in antioxidants, since it is packed right where it's grown and (8) within days to protect the freshness of the tea.

Ceylon tea is an element of the art of drinking tea. Each range of tea (9)\_\_\_\_\_ its own story related to the rich Sri Lankan heritage.

Each product means unique tea drinking (10)\_\_\_\_\_, which transports its tea drinkers to another time and place. It is the taste of Ceylon's finest tea at its best, creating luxury in everyday life.

1	A	means	В	ways	С	directions	D	routes
2	A	effects	В	positions	С	states	D	conditions
3	A	accurate	В	possible	С	probable	D	definite
4	A	exchange	В	differ	C	adapt	D	rotate
5	A	approach	В	style	С	manner	D	system
6	A	attention	В	research	C	thinking	D	progress
7	A	wealthy	В	rich	C	great	D	valuable
8	A	directed	В	shipped	C	moved	D	referred
9	A	imagines	В	plays	С	belongs	D	reflects
10	A	ability	В	view	C	experience	D	evidence

# Task 6 Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C

### Mary Kingsley

or D).

Mary Kingsley didn't travel during the first 30 years of her life. (1)\_\_\_\_\_, when her father died, leaving her an inheritance, she (2)\_\_\_\_\_ to set off for West Africa, that was still largely unmapped in (3)\_\_\_\_\_. Kingsley travelled alone, (4)\_\_\_\_\_ was almost unheard of for a female at the time. During her travels, she lived with local people and learned their skills and customs.

Kingsley became quite well known after returning to England. She spent a lot of time criticizing missionaries for trying to change the native (5) traditions.

1	A	However	В	Although	C	Moreover	D	Besides
2	A	has decided	В	had decided	С	decided	D	decides
3	A	1890s	В	1890th	C	the 1890s	D	the 1890th

4	A	whether	В	which	C	when	D	how
5	A	Africans's	В	African's	С	Africans	D	Africans'

Task 7
Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

# Typhoons Trick Japan's Cherry Trees into Blooming Months Early

Japan's famed cherry blossoms, sakura, are reported to be blooming several months ahead of schedule. The Weathernews website said it (1) more than 350 reports of premature blossoms. Experts said the flowers' surprise appearance (2) to extreme weather events in Japan in recent weeks, including two particularly powerful typhoons: the violent storms had stripped many trees of their leaves. One purpose of the leaves is (3) hormones that prevent buds from flowering ahead of time. Hiroyuki Wada, a tree doctor at the Flower Association of Japan said that the unusually warm weather that followed the typhoons (4) have "tricked" the trees' buds into flowering as well. "This has happened before, but I don't remember (5) anything on this scale," said Wada. 1 B had received A receives was D has received received linked B  $\mathbf{C}$ was linked A had linked was linking D 3  $\mathbf{C}$ to be D to have A release B to release

releasing

to be seen

ought

released

might

being seeing

D

D

BAPIAHT 2 READING Task 1

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

4

A

A

would

seeing

B

B

need

to see

# Read the texts below. Match choices (1–5) to (A–H). There are two choices you do not need to use.

### **Time Is on Your Side**

Ask any high	ı school	studen	t what the	e bigges	t cha	llenge	is, a	and o	chance	es are	e it'll	have
something to	do with	time	managem	ent. Her	e are	some	way	ys to	help	you	build	time
management	into you	r work	habits:									

management into your work habits:
1
Look ahead and set a schedule for yourself so that you always have time to be productive. Planners are the best things for any student. If you stay up-to-date with your homework, clubs, organizations, sports and jobs, there's no way you'll miss out an activity or forget an assignment. It's a good idea to update your planner after every class or meeting so you'll be 100% sure of deadlines, projects and meetings that are approaching in the future.
2
For many students, checking social media favourites like Facebook and Twitter has become a reflexive habit. Just keep reminding yourself that you don't need to check these sites every time you use the computer for school or work. It may seem harmless to go through your networks quickly just to get that feeling of obligation out of the way, but it's easy to get sucked into a time warp this way. Remember Facebook isn't conducive to getting work done, as much as we all wish it were.
3
You have to be really sure of what it is that you want to get done. If you have homework in several classes, various ongoing projects already assigned, and tests to study for, you're likely to stay more overwhelmed than focused. This is why it's important to know what thing you need to do right now. You can only really focus or one thing at a time, so decide on some realistic tasks before setting out to tackle any business.
4
Make sure your schedule includes short periods to recharge and have some fun with friends. You might decide to gift yourself a tasty treat or to give yourself a break after making good progress. If you're a social media junkie, you could even allow yourself to explore Facebook guilt-free after getting some work done. You'll feel less overwhelmed if you have incentives to keep you going bit by bit.
5.

If you're having trouble keeping up, don't be afraid to discuss it with your parents or friends. If you feel yourself floundering in a sea of information, talk to your teachers. They will answer your questions and recommend resources available to you. Don't

necessarily expect any special treatment, but if you show that you're making an effort, they might just be willing to help.

- A Don't burn daylight
- **B** Don't keep late hours
- C Set achievable goals
- **D** Limit your social networking
- E Reward yourself to keep motivated
- F Keep your living space organized
- **G** Ask for assistance
- H Write everything down

### Task 2

# Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

### **Teen Jobs - 5 Unique Ways to Make Money for Teens**

Are McDonald's and Burger King the only teen jobs around? Not by a long shot. If you want to average more than \$10 dollars an hour, choose your own hours, and have some fun besides... then read on!

Here are 5 unique teen jobs to make money:

### 1. Article Writing

The internet is definitely the business way of the future. One of the best (and cheapest) ways for website owners to drive more customers to their websites for free is to write and submit articles.

But business owners are busy people and may not have the time or desire to write articles. That's where you come in! You can offer to write articles for small website owners. Usually you can get paid 5510-20 dollars per article.

Can you guess the best part about writing articles for cash? You can do it from anywhere. No more ugly uniforms or stinky shifts.

# 2. Taking Online Surveys

You won't make millions filling out surveys but it is an easy way to make some quick cash.

Companies will pay you to fill out brief surveys or try their products.

They want to pick your brain on what you like and what you don't like!

One of the best and fastest growing paid survey sites is Cash Crate. It doesn't cost a dime to sign up and you can start making money right away. But here's a warning: Set up a separate email account because you'll start getting an avalanche of spam.

# 3. Cleaning Up After People's Pets

You've probably heard about pet sitting or walking dogs, right? Well, this is a new twist.

I own a condominium complex and I hire a local teen to pick up doggie do once a week. It takes less than an hour for \$15. It may not be the most glamourous job, but a pooper scooper makes it easy to do, and you never run out of work!

This service is especially handy in colder climates. As the snow melts, there're lots of business opportunities!

# 4. Washing, Waxing, or Car Servicing

I don't know how it happened... But my cat accidentally got locked in the van overnight. I can't tell you how horrible the smell is! I would pay big money for someone else to clean up the mess.

This is a great way for high school teens or college students to make money. You could even advertise with local businesses and shine up their cars in the parking lot while they work.

### 5. Sell Hand-Made Items on Etsy

This is my favourite way for teens to make money. And I just recently heard about it!

So if you have a knack for making anything...from furniture to baked goods to dog collars then you can sell them on web pages for hand-made items.

They have over a million Visitors looking to buy. It's free to join but it costs 30 cents to list items and a 3.5% sales tax on sold items.

Works for me! These are just a few ways to make money at teen jobs.

# 1. What is the author's main point about article writing as a job for teens?

- A Article writing is the best paid job for teens.
- **B** Articles take long hours to write and submit.
- C Articles should be submitted to small websites.
- **D** Article writing is better than working for McDonald's.

# 2. What does the author mean by saying that companies want to "pick your brain" (line 16)?

- A They want you to analyse business opportunities.
- **B** They want you to give them your opinion.
- C They want you to try their products.
- **D** They want you to sign up to their website.

# 3. According to the author, which of the teen jobs discussed is always available?

- A Article writing
- **B** Taking online surveys

- C Cleaning up after pets
- **D** Selling hand-made items

### 4. Which of the following is stated in the text about Etsy?

- A It is an internet site.
- **B** It is a workshop.
- C It is a market place.
- **D** It is a repair shop.

# 5.According to the author, in which of the teen jobs paying an initial fee is required?

- A Selling hand-made items
- **B** Cleaning up after pets
- C Washing people's cars
- **D** Article writing

1

### Task 3

# Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–7). There is one choice you do not need to use.

### **Outdoor Adventure**

Experience the natural beauty of majestic Mt Rainier on this guided, small-group tour
from Seattle. Enjoy a scenic, narrated journey past lakes, waterfalls and historic towns
to Mt Rainier, the highest mountain in the state of Washington and one of the tallest in
the lower 48 states. Take in spectacular views from Narada Falls, considered the most
popular waterfall in Mt Rainier State Park and the aptly named Paradise, at 5,400 feet
above sea level on the south slope, among others.

# Which attraction gives you an opportunity 2 \_\_\_\_\_?

Hurricane ridge, huge trees, hikes, Lake Crescent and quaint towns. Visit the 5th most visited National Park in the US. Enjoy Puget Sound ferry rides, natural wonders - from gigantic trees dripping with moss to small flower plants, and enjoy the spectacular view from mile high hurricane ridge. See the heart of this unusual and wild eco-system. On this tour you have a good chance of spotting elk, deer, eagles, and maybe even banana slugs.

4

The Salt River in central Arizona is a gem in the desert and an oasis for the people who like rafting. The Salt River runs west out of the White Mountains through 2000 foot deep Salt River Canyon. The canyon is lined with giant Saguaro cacti and beautiful rock

walls. The Salt River is fed by snowmelt and only runs from March to May. Most Salt River Rafting outfitters run a one-day trip and a five-day trip. The one-day trips are convenient and fun. The five-day trips are a fantastic extended adventure that provides excellent rapids and scenery.

5

This exhilarating 20-minute seaplane adventure gives you a chance to feel the freedom of soaring though the sky. Lift off from Lake Union and get a stunning bird's-eye view of Seattle, with beautiful Mt Rainier set as a backdrop in the distance. Get incredible views of the iconic Space Needle, the downtown skyline, the bustling Elliott Bay waterfront and more. You'll hear a commentary about the city and land back on Lake Union to conclude the tour.

6 \_\_\_\_\_

Home to 8-foot octupi and sixgill sharks, Puget Sound is one of the deepest, most diverse aquatic ecosystems in the Lower 48. Harmless creatures aside, it's also home to some great diving. From West Seattle's Alki Beach to the San Juans, the Puget Sound offers entertaining dive options for beginners and pros alike. Contact a local dive shop for suggested dives and local know-how.

7

Seattle is literally inundated with lakes, rivers and saltwater, so it only makes sense that kayaks are a preferred mode of sightseeing. Several outfitters offer rentals on Seattle's Lake Union and Elliott Bay, but if you're hankering for an escape from civilization, head north to the San Juan Islands. Once there, you'll find stunning scenery and first-class paddling - plus a bevy of guide services to provide the boats and show you the way to aquatic nirvana.

A to experience submarine travelling

**B** to enjoy a thrilling panorama of the city

C to observe cascading water in highlands

**D** to enjoy an exciting water ride in spring

E to participate in a fishing expedition

**F** to get acquainted with the underwater world

**G** to hire equipment for water ride activities

H to observe local fauna and flora

#### Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

#### The Little Mermaid

On dry land she is still taking her baby steps, (1) But in the water Leah Robbins leave the other two-year-olds in her wake. The child is now able to swim 50 metres unaided thought to be a British record for the age. "Leah just loves being in the water. I have never pushed her in any way or tried to make her do anything she is not happy with," said Miss Masters, an assistant swimming instructor. "Ever since she was a tiny baby, I have taught her to be happy and confident around the water. She just loves being in it. If we run a bath, (2) even if it is not for her."
Leah has already gained her five-metre, ten-metre and 25-metre Amateur Swimming Association (ASA) certificates, and now the 50-metre award, last month at a pool near her home in Gorieston. The last award required an extra special effort. She was able to use her doggy paddle for the first three but ASA rules state that she had to use a proper stroke for the 50 metres. She chose backstroke (3)
"Leah first took to the water at four months, using a toggle float," Miss Masters said. "By her second birthday she was confident enough to (4) in her local pool."
She passed her ASA five-metre certificate when she was exactly two-and-a-half, on January 17. Her next target is her 100 metre certificate and her one mile award should follow shortly afterwards - her brother Luke, six, has already swum two miles.
A spokesman for the ASA said: "It is real achievement for a child of two to swim such a distance. If Leah continues to follow our programme and improves and develops her stroke technique, (5)"
But her mother said that, (6) "At the moment I think it would put her off if I made her take part in formal lessons - but she could be an Olympic champion in the making."
A she always tries to get in it

**B** remain afloat without any help

C she has no intention of pushing the little girl

**D** just like any child of her age

E she feels like a duck in the water

**F** she could have real potential to become a great swimmer

G because she is simply too small for anything else

H because she is in need of highly individual approach

### **USE OF ENGLISH**

### Task 5

Read the text below. For questions (1–11) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

What will We See on Our Whale Watch?

No two whale watches are identical And that is what makes each one so special! We never know (1) what each trip will bring; so following is a (2) description of some of our common sightings.
Always a favourite amongst whale watchers, the humpback whale is the most frequently (3) whale species on our trips. Humpbacks, famous for their beautiful and elaborate songs, are curious animals that often (5) interest in boats and the people on-board. They are most well-known, however, for their ability to leap completely clear of the water's (6) in a spectacular display called breaching.
The largest and one of the most abundant whales in our area is the mighty finback whale. The elegant Finback or "Fin whale" can (7) lengths of 75 feet and swim at 30 miles per hour!
The minke whale is the smallest of the great whales (a mere 20 to 30 feet long!) and is quite common (8) the Gulf of Maine.
Other whales occasionally seen in our area include the harbour porpoise, pilot whale, and sometimes in our area is the Atlantic Right whale! Right whales were hunted to the edge of (9) with only 250 to 300 of these 60-foot giants remaining.
Dolphins are a great (10) to any whale watch trip. The most commonly observed species in our area is the Atlantic White-Sided Dolphins. These colourful, energetic and acrobatic animals often ride in the bow wave of boats in groups (11) from a dozen to more than a thousand individual dolphins!

1	A	mainly	В	exactly	C	sharply	D	frankly	
2	A	little	В	brief	C	tiny	D	small	
3	A	sighted	В	reviewed	C	looked	D	stared	
4	A	make	В	follow	C	take	D	inspire	
5	A	bottom	В	level	C	position	D	surface	
6	A	reach	В	take	С	get	D	keep	
7	A	nearly	В	ahead	C	over	D	throughout	
8	A	destruction	В	ruin	C	extinction	D	death	
9	A	element	В	addition	C	component	D	part	
10	A	differing	В	ranging	C	consisting	D	grading	

Task 6

# Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

### Why Does Red Mean Stop?

The l9th-century Scottish engineer Robert Stevenson, who was active in designing early lighthouses, (1) \_\_\_\_\_ for an alternative colour to white - most lighthouses had a white beacon - when he built a lighthouse near to one that already existed, because he was afraid ships wouldn't be able to tell which was which.

Of the light sources and (2) \_\_\_\_ glasses available at the time, he found that red was a particularly intense light, meaning it (3) \_\_\_\_ from the greatest distance.

So in maritime signaling red became an alternative to white, and was later adopted by the Admiralty in 1852 (4) \_\_\_\_ the port-side on steam vessels. Green was adopted for the starboard-side, and vessels seeing the green light on (5) \_\_\_\_ ships had the right of way.

When train tracks were developed, engineers adopted this system as meaning stop and go - and the same system continued with cars.

1	A	has looked	В	looked	C	looks	D	looking
2	A	colourful	В	colours	C	colouring	D	coloured
3	A	could see	В	could be seen	С	have seen	D	be seeing
4	A	to mark	В	marked	C	mark	D	was marked
5	A	others	В	other	C	another	D	the others

#### Task 7

# Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

# The Whole World in One Building

A journey around the world, all along the 8-th (1) of longitude, starting and
ending in Bremerhaven. Through countries and climate zones, from the glaciers of
Switzerland to the swamps of Cameroon to the desert heat of the Sahel. This unique
experience (2) be had at the Klimahaus Bremerhaven, which opened in summer
2009. For a few hours the visitors become globetrotters in deceptively real-looking
landscapes in an interactive (3) covering 11.500 square metres. You can hike
through the tropics and across the Antarctica ice cap. Interactive exhibits show how the
climate (4) the daily lives of people around the globe – and demonstrate how
climate change can (5) life on the continents.

1	A	degrees	В	degree's	C	degree	D	degrees'
2	A	can	В	would	C	should	D	must
3	A	exhibiting	В	exhibition	C	exhibited	D	exhibitor
4	A	determine	В	is determined	C	determines	D	was determined
5	A	transforms	В	transforming	C	transform	D	to transform

### **BAPIAHT 3**

# Reading

# Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (1-5) to (A-H). There are three choices you do not need to use.

Some Rules for Learning at Any Age
1
No matter how good you think you are at doing several tasks at the same time, you aren't. Enough studies have shown that if you're doing more than one thing at a time, especially when it comes to learning, your speed and attention drops off. It's better to spend 20 uninterrupted minutes a day on the topic you've decided to master than an hour of distracted learning.
If you're picking up a new language, learning or relearning to play an instrument, or starting to paint, you probably already realise that you will have to put in the time. There is just no way around it; those who are the best at a given subject are those who work on it most. You may have heard of the 10,000 hours theory from Malcolm Gladwell's book "Outliers" — that it takes that much time to become expert at anything.  3
If it's difficult to do something (even maddening at times), you're more likely to really remember it. Learning what's easy 1s like writing in sand, here today and gone tomorrow. When you're stuck on a difficult passage that doesn't seem to make sense, or when you keep making mistakes solving a problem — this is when the most valuable learning is happening.  4

Most people think that learning in their preferred way is better. Some like to read things, auditory learners like to hear information aloud, while visual learners like images, graphs and live-action descriptions. But just because it's easier to learn in a certain style doesn't mean it's really better. You learn better when you don't limit instruction or experience to the style you're used to.

5.\_\_\_\_

Failures occur in any business, learning attempt or project. Every successful person has gone through this part of the process, sometimes multiple times. When you don't feel like you're getting anywhere, you often feel depressed. Many people give up at this stage. You must keep going to achieve your goals. Just keep going and you're sure to succeed.

- A Don't get discouraged
- **B** Don't multitask
- C Keep regular hours for learning
- **D** Don' be afraid to ask for help
- E Don't delay doing your work
- **F** Be ready to practice a lot
- **G** Choose hard things to learn
- H Try various learning methods

### Task 2

# Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

# The Growing Gap

In any period of rapid social change, age may become as important an identity-marker as differences between social and ethnic groups. Any immigrant family, for example, joins in a process of rapid identity change. An extraordinary proportion of today's school children are immigrant children or children of immigrants. In some US cities, the numbers range up to sixty percent; some schools are a virtual UN of immigrant children. When children go to school they may make friends from a very different kind of background, and they usually become fluent in a new language. Typically, an intergenerational gap appears: at least one parent may speak both the language of their own parent and that of the country they have settled in. Children, however, may not share a language in common with grandparents. Such experience can be stressful for

each generation and it can create burdens on young children who have to act as intermediaries and interpreters for older family members.

This kind of intergenerational language shift is now occurring within countries, as migration to cities or rapid economic and social development create a very different type of world where children grow up. In Shanghai, for example, where Putonghua has become the language of education, and where English is introduced in primary school at Grade 1, a new generation of children are growing up who may have difficulty in communicating with grandparents in the family language of Shanghainese.

In several Asian countries we can see a similar language shift within families. Singapore provides one of the best-documented examples. Gradually, English has shifted from being a second language to become the main language of the home. In India, a similar phenomenon has occurred in middle class families and the number of such families is rising. English is often the language in which young people form relationships in young adulthood. Mothers and fathers may have different linguistic backgrounds, in which case family communication typically takes place in English.

We are now witnessing a further development in many societies, however. Change is occurring so rapidly that differences emerge not just between generations but between siblings: a 14-year-old girl may find a cultural and linguistic gap with her 8-year-old brother. This is not just an issue for Asia. Within Europe, a new middle class, professional elite is emerging in which families move country every few years. A consequence is that children within the same family may have quite different linguistic loyalties and proficiencies.

Traditionally, the family has been regarded central to the reproduction of linguistic and ethnic identity. In times of rapid change, international movement, smaller families and new patterns of childcare, community institutions and resources may be just as important.

# 1. What is stated in PARAGRAPH 1 about immigrant children?

- A They try to learn their native language from their grandparents.
- **B** They lose fluency in their own native language with time.
- C They help their grandparents to converse in a new language.
- **D** They are burdened with getting skills in a new language.

# 2. The author uses the example of Shanghai to illustrate that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

- A this city has expanded due to the fast economic growth
- B Shanghai's citizens observe Asian cultural traditions
- C English has become a means of instruction in the local schools

**D** languages taught at school may replace the family language

### 3. Which of the following is TRUE of the language shift in Asian countries?

- A It influences the number of international marriages.
- **B** It occurs only in the families with young children.
- C It has been officially registered in one of these countries.
- **D** It reflects the change of the social status of the family.

# 4. Why does a linguistic gap between children within the same family emerge in Europe?

- A Because children grow in different linguistic environments.
- **B** Because younger children are keen on learning Asian languages.
- C Because elder children prefer to speak English in private.
- **D** Because children have parents with different mother tongues.

# 5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a factor in forming the linguistic and ethnic identity of a person?

- **A** Relationships
- **B** Migration
- C World-view
- **D** Education

### Task 3

# Read the texts below. Match choices (1–6) to (A–H). There are two choices you do not need to use. US Camps for Kids

# 1. Camp Wicosuta, New Hampshire

Camp Wicosuta's philosophy is to build campers' confidence and competence in a safe and fun community. Their individual elective program allows children to focus on the activities they love, which means they have a high level of participation all over the camp. As an all-girls' camp, Wicosuta offers its campers the unique opportunity to have fun and be themselves. They go to breakfast in pyjamas, have original hairstyles on "Crazy Hair Night', stand on chairs singing, cheering and dancing in the dining hall, can

go horseback riding or ice skating, or do water sports (Swimming, water skiing, sailing, kayaking, canoeing, wind surfing).

### 2. Thrill Coaster Tours

Thrill Coaster Tours is the only camp of its kind that takes kids all over the country with the opportunity to ride roller coasters. Each day brings about a different park and a new type of ride! The camp travels in luxury buses equipped with a DVD player and a bathroom. Campers stay at hotel rooms with no balconies. Each night a counsellor goes into each room, ensures that everyone is situated in the room, and then puts the tape on the door for the campers' protection. This tape remains on the door until the morning when a counsellor removes it.

### 3. Sanborn Western Camps, Colorado

At this camp, the kids live in the outdoors, building a sense of community and a sense of the earth through fun and adventure. The camp is located on 6,000 acres of pine forests. In this environment, the campers learn as they backpack, ride horses, hike, make life-long friends and learn to appreciate the natural world. The kids have the unique opportunity to choose all of their program activities, which include digging for 67-million-year-old fossils, rock climbing on the best granite in the county, tubing down the South Platte River, and sleeping under millions of stars.

### 4. Cheley Colorado Camp, Colorado

Since 1921, Cheley has been committed to introducing children to the outdoors and providing a challenging environment for children to explore. They believe that every summer in a young person's life is a window of opportunity. The campers get to spend the summer with campers from over 40 states and 10 foreign countries. Cheley is located at the gateway to Rocky Mountain National Park. With over 1600 acres of property, Cheley camps has 5 horse riding rings, four barns with 140 horses, a fishing pond and much more. Activities include hiking, horseback riding, backpacking, river rafting, archery, crafts and woodworking.

### 5. Four Winds Westward Ho

Four Winds Westward Ho is located on Orcas Island in the Northwest corner of Washington State. Smaller cabin living arrangements of four campers and one experienced counsellor allow for close bonds to develop. Days are filled with a wide range of classic camp activities for all ages and both genders. The camp requires that kids leave behind technology and certain comforts for four weeks, and discover what kind of person they can be without them. They will have time to explore, to sail, to sing and play music, to create art, to build fires, and to watch the sky.

### 6. Camp Chief Ouray, Colorado

This camp, which has been in operation for over 100 years, is committed to developing five core values in its campers: Caring, Honesty, Respect, Responsibility and Faith. Campers explore and grow through a strong tradition of quality programming and fun. A typical day offers activities such as archery, sports and games, orienteering, nature study, cooperative games, and hiking. For older kids they offer Wilderness Adventure Camp, and Leadership Training Programs. Children come home more mature and more confident. The camp uploads photos at the end of the day so that family members can see how much fun their child is having.

W	hich of the camps ?
A	provides well-equipped accommodation
B	lets its campers have meals in nightwear
C	offers a program in mountaineering
D	organises regular parents' days
E	takes special safety measures
F	offers a holiday in the international community
G	provides online information for parents
H	forbids the use of any gadgets

### Task 4

Read the texts below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

#### LONG LUNCH

Spanish civil servant skips work for years without anyone noticing

Only when Joaquin Garcia, a Spanish civil servant, was due to collect an award for two decades of loyal service did anyone realise that he had not shown up to work for at least SIX years.

Garcia, a 69-year-old engineer, began working for the local authority in the city of Cadiz in 1990, and in 1996 was posted to the municipal water board, where his job was (1)\_\_\_\_\_.

In 2010, when Garcia — now retired — was due to collect his long-service medal, the man who had hired him, deputy mayor Mr. Fernandez, wondered where he was.

After the former manager of the water board, who (2)\_\_\_\_, told Fernandez he had not seen his employee for several years, the deputy mayor called the engineer in. A court

fined Garcia $\[ \in \]$ 27,000, the equivalent (3), having earlier found that the engineer did not appear to have occupied his office for "at least six years" and had done "absolutely no work" between 2007 and 2010, the year before he retired.
Garcia told the court that he had turned up to the office, although he admitted $(4)$ . He said he was the victim of workplace bullying because of his family's socialist politics and $(5)$ .
His friends told <i>El Mundo</i> that the engineer had been unwilling to report his accusations of bullying because he "had a family to support" and was worried that (6)
A had been deliberately sidelined
<b>B</b> to supervise a waste water treatment plant
C after tax of one year of his annual salary
<b>D</b> to make the most of the confusion as a reader
E being responsible for his current employment
F he would not find another job at his age
G had the office opposite Garcia's
H he might not have kept regular business hours
Use of English

Read the texts below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

### Task 5

# **A Globetrotting Cat**

A globetrotting cat managed to make its (1)\_\_\_\_\_ from Australia to Northern Ireland after a stop-off in London - almost 11,000 miles away.

The 25-year-old ginger cat, named Ozzie by his rescuers, was found wandering the streets of Laurelvale, near County Armagh, last week and (2)\_\_\_\_\_ to the local Cats Protection centre. The staff at the clinic scanned his microchip and were stunned to find the poor feline was registered in Sydney in 2000 as "Tigger".

Volunteers launched an international campaign on social media to uncover how the tomcat ended up on the other side of the world — and the post has been (3) \_\_\_\_ more than 18,000 times. The Cats Protection Centre says it is likely that Ozzie was brought to

London by its owner, before he (4)\_\_\_\_\_ then crossed the Irish Sea to Northern Ireland some 450 miles away.

Cats Protection co-ordinator, Gilian McMullen, said: "I responded to a call from a member of the public who was (5)\_\_\_\_ about a poorly stray cat that had been hanging around her garden for several days. The poor cat was in a starving (6)\_\_\_ but obviously had been cared for in the past because it was (7)\_\_\_ a collar. In Willow Veterinary Clinic we discovered it was microchipped and this is where the mystery begins. The cat had (8)\_\_\_ been microchipped in Australia. In 2004 he (9)\_\_ as a stray in a vet clinic in London, but no owners could be traced."

Ozzie was also found to have been born in 1989, making him 25 — 10 years older than the age of the average cat. Ms McMullen added: "If only he could (10)\_\_\_\_ us about his life and how he got here."

1	A	way	В	road	C	path	D	distance
2	A	held	В	picked	C	taken	D	captured
3	A	written	В	recorded	C	given	D	shared
4	A	sometimes	В	somehow	С	somewhat	D	anyway
5	A	afraid	В	disappointed	C	annoyed	D	concerned
6	A	condition	В	health	C	shape	D	form
7	A	bearing	В	carrying	C	wearing	D	holding
8	A	mainly	В	originally	C	easily	D	extremely
9	A	turned on	В	turned up	С	turned down	D	turned around
10	A	tell	В	say	C	talk	D	speak

#### Task 6

# Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

### **Baldwin Street**

When asked, "What is the world's steepest street?", (1) people would reply, "The zig-zag one', referring to Lombard Street in San Francisco. Lombard Street is definitely zig-zaggy and steep but, compared to Baldwin St in Dunedin, New Zealand, it is no more than a gentle slope.

Baldwin Street (2)\_\_\_\_\_ by the Guinness Book of Records as the steepest street in the world. The street has an average slope of just over 1:5, which means that for every 5 metres travelled horizontally, you also travel 1 metre vertically. Walking up and down

Baldwin Street is Dunedin's best attraction for tourists. It takes about ten minutes (3)\_\_\_\_ just about 350 metres! (4)\_\_\_\_ a couple of annual events held at Baldwin street, one being the Jaffa Race at the annual Cadbury Chocolate Carnival, where (5)\_\_\_\_ Giant Jaffas, hard orange candies with a chocolate centre, are rolled down the street.

1	A	most	В	more of	C	the most	D	more
2	A	recognizes	В	recognized	С	is recognized	D	have been recognized
3	A	walks	В	walk	C	to walk	D	walking
4	A	There is	В	There are	C	It is	D	Here are
5	A	thirty thousand	В	thirty thousands	С	thirty thousand of	D	thirty thousands of

### **Predicting Hurricanes**

Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

In 1943, the Texas coast was devastated by a "surprise hurricane" no one (1) \_\_\_\_ coming. There were no weather satellites in 1943 — the first wouldn't enter orbit for the other 20 years — and not even weather radar was available yet.

Today, (2)\_\_\_\_\_, ho hurricane can get very far without lots of humans watching its every move. We have several ways of tracking and predicting (3)\_\_\_\_\_ tropical cyclones do, but NOAA and NASA satellites are some of the best tools for understanding them. Both agencies have systems (4)\_\_\_\_ precise data and imagery of hurricanes. Recently, NASA (5)\_\_\_\_ eight micro-satellites to improve our understanding of hurricane formation.

1	A	hadn't seen	В	didn't see	C	saw	D	has seen
2	A	however	В	furthermore	C	although	D	moreover
3	A	that	В	what	C	how	D	where
4	A	providing	В	provided	С	provide	D	are providing
5	A	launch	В	launches	С	launched	D	has launched

# BAPIAHT 4 READING

### Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (A–H) to (1–6). There is one choice you do not need to use.

Body Language
1
Shaking hands is a polite gesture indicating friendship and acceptance. At one time, however, meeting with a stranger aroused suspicion and fear. To prevent each other from suddenly attacking, strangers joined right hands as a solemn promise of nonaggression, thus demonstrating that neither party was about to use a weapon. Handshaking is now an activity practiced by both men and women not only to greet one another, but to seal a contract as well.
The American "OK" sign, the joining of the thumb and forefinger in a circle, indicates that all is well or perfect. The "OK" sign acquired its modern connotation from the ancient world, in which the circle itself was one of the oldest and most common symbols for perfection. The verbal expression "OK" is native to the United States and was formed in support of the letter "O" indicating that something was as perfect as a circle.
3
When not used in hitchhiking, the thumbs-up gesture in American culture typically indicates "I like that", while the thumbs-down gesture indicates your negative feelings towards something. The gesture has been linked to the time of the Roman arena, where the emperor supposedly ordered life or death for a gladiator by turning thumbs up or thumbs down.
4
Crossing one's fingers serves as protection from bad luck or from the penalties associated with lying. Thus, when people wish for good luck, they cross their fingers, and when they wish not to be responsible for a lie, they cross their fingers and hide their arms behind their backs to not let on that they are lying.  5
By sticking out their tongues, people react to situations that may be unpleasant for them. Such displays indicate laughing or rejection. For example, children often stick out their

tongues to tease each other. Or, they may also stick out their tongues in reaction to

activities requiring undistracted attention; hence, the tongue-showing of children focused on their homework.

- A Showing that you are wrong
- **B** Denoting a state of being concentrated
- C Showing an aim of avoiding negative consequences
- **D** Demonstrating your peaceful aims
- E Indicating a feeling of being helpless
- **F** Expressing approval or disapproval
- G Expressing a feeling of being astonished
- **H** Denoting that everything is fine

### Task 2

# Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

It's rare for travellers to return from Namibia with anything other than highly favourable praise. What makes Namibia so special is how easy it is to take a safari that won't break anyone's bank account. With little population and enough mineral resources to make it one of Africa's wealthiest countries, Namibia, though somewhat troubled by land reform issues, is largely a model of peace, stability and inter-ethnic respect. If you're confident behind the wheel, you can travel totally independently, staying at simple campsites or fabulously designed bush lodges as you go.

Distances in Namibia might be long but the roads are generally in reasonable shape meaning a 4x4 is rarely needed for much of the country. It's also a very safe country with delinquency against tourists very rare indeed even in the bigger towns (which frankly are still virtual villages). It's true that you don't get the high density of wildlife here that you might find in some other African countries, but an enormous richness of flora and fauna and relative lack of crowds make Namibia one of the best safari destinations in Africa.

Namibia was the first place I really travelled in Africa.

With the exception of the Zambezi Region, most of Namibia is comprised of harsh and inhospitable desert, but I've always found it extremely beautiful. The iconic views of the dunes certainly live up to even the highest of expectations, particularly in the early morning light.

The Namibian sand was calling my name, so I grabbed my Kalahari Ferraris (sand boards) and hit the dunes. I didn't even have time to catch my breath and I was pushed over the edge. My heart was thumping in my chest as I was going downhill.

After the adrenaline burst I wandered the beach and streets of Swakopmund and came across the world's largest quartz crystal cluster.

My next stop was Cape Cross, home to over 100,000 cape fur seals; half of them were one-month-old pups. The moment we saw the seals my mouth dropped open. Many of the adorable pups were taking their first swim in the ocean. Then something awesome yet scary happened, I] was charged by a seal. He was trapped 1n the pathway and thought I was in his breeding area. At first it was kind of fun having the seal so close to me but when he bared his teeth I ran as fast as I could to the truck.

Next I was off to Brandberg. On my way I visited a local Himba village and learnt about their culture and purchased some traditional crafts. The Himba people rub their bodies in a red organic dye and fat to protect them from the harsh desert climate. Then I went back in time 6,000 years to when the local Bushmen roamed the land. There were ancient rock engravings that they used to inform the other tribes what animals were in the area, what animals they were hunting, and to teach the children about the animals. My favourites were the drawings of the giraffe. Did you know the Bushmen never killed the giraffe because they thought the giraffe had long necks to speak to the sky gods who brought the rain?

### 1. What is NOT mentioned among the encouraging reasons to visit Namibia?

A a low crime rate

**B** few tourists

C a variety of species

**D** sandy beaches

# 2. Which of the following is TRUE of the author's trip across the Namibian deserts?

A He drove fast cars across the deserts.

**B** He looked for a crystal deposit in the sands.

C He was excited about sliding down the dunes.

**D** He had to cross a desert to get to the sea shore.

# 3. Why did the seal chase the traveller?

A Because he did research on the seals' habitat.

**B** Because he trespassed on the seal's territory.

C Because he was moving about too quickly.

**D** Because he was watching the seal pups.

### 4. How do the Himba tribe protect themselves from the local climate?

Aby wearing traditional clothes

**B** by covering their skin with substances

C by eating plenty of fatty food

**D** by swimming in the ocean

### 5. What does the author say about the pictures on the rocks?

**A** They were drawn with natural paints.

**B** They showed local fauna.

C They depicted ancient gods.

**D** They were made by children.

#### Task 3

Read the texts below. Match from (A–H) the ones which best fit each text. There are two choices you do not need to use.

### **Top Things to Do in Chicago**

#### 1.The Field Museum

Every trip to Chicago should include a date with Sue. Holding court in The Field Museum's grand Stanley Field Hall, the remarkable Sue is the world's largest, most complete, and best-preserved Tyrannosaurus rex. Beyond The Field's extensive rock and fossil collections, visitors can journey through 4 billion years of life on Earth in the Evolving Planet exhibit and admire precious stones — from their rough beginnings to sparkling jewellery.

# 2.John Hancock Observatory

Located in the heart of the Windy City's tourist district, the John Hancock Observatory — with its one-of-a-kind open-air Skywalk — is open until 11 p.m. daily. The fastest elevators in North America zoom to the 94th floor — 305 meters up — in only 40 seconds. The real fun is spotting Chicago landmarks, such as Wrigley Field, Navy Pier, and glamorous marinas. Guests enjoy a multimedia Sky Tour and can contemplate Chicago's history on the 24-meter history wall.

# 3. Museum of Science and Industry

The largest science centre in the Western Hemisphere, the Museum of Science and Industry was the first museum in North America to offer visitors the chance to touch and interplay with exhibits. That tradition continues to this day with exhibits that encourage people to do more than watch: you can make a giant heart beat in time to your own, open a Chicago River drawbridge for a model train, and practice your moves with the help of a virtual instructor.

## 4. Navy Pier

Encompassing more than 20 hectares of prime Chicago lakefront territory, Navy Pier is truly a city within the city. With shopping, restaurants, parks and gardens, museums and attractions galore, this Chicago landmark attracts millions every year. Fireworks light up the Chicago skyline twice a week during the summer months, and the 150-foot (45.7 meters) Ferris wheel operates year-round, weather permitting. It's no wonder that Navy Pier is often considered one of the top things to do in Chicago.

## 5.Millennium Park

It may be one of Chicago's newest places to visit, but Millennium Park has quickly become a destination of choice for travellers and locals alike. With hundreds of free concerts offered throughout the year at the dramatic Jay Pritzker Pavilion; an immense, walk-up-and-touch sculpture known affectionately as "The Bean'; and a 2.2-hectare garden to explore, Millennium Park lives up to the Chicago's official Latin motto: Urbs in Horto — City in a Garden.

## 6. Chicago Food Planet Food Tours

Rated Best Chicago Tour by Lonely Planet, Chicago Food Planet Food Tours offer unique 3-hour food tasting and cultural walking tours focused exclusively in Chicago's off-the-beaten-path neighbourhoods. Suitable for all age groups and fitness levels, they provide a local experience so you feel like a native Chicagoan. Their guided, narrated food tours include mouth-watering food tastings, enough for a hearty lunch. It 1s a fantastic way for visitors and locals alike to discover the hidden gems of Chicago!

## Which place of interest \_\_\_\_\_?

A provides a device to take you up 1n no time

**B** hosts a number of public performances

C boasts old sculptures decorating its facade

**D** offers seasonal attractions to its visitors

E displays a life-size model of a dinosaur

**F** exhibits the life evolution through gems

G lets its visitors manipulate the exhibits

H lies off the popular tourist routes

## Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

## **Oscar-Winning Novelist**

Sidney Sheldon 1917-2006

To succeed on Broadway, in Hollywood, on TV or in popular fiction (1)\_\_\_\_\_, said *The Guardian*. The extraordinary feat of Sidney Sheldon, who died aged 89 was to

have triumphed in all four. He won an Oscar, had six plays produced on Broadway, (2) and wrote three successful TV series, including <i>Hart to Hart</i> .
Born in Chicago in 1917, Sidney Schechtel was the son of a salesman and the only member of his family to complete high school, said <i>The Independent</i> . He (3), but during the Depression was forced to leave in order to find paid work as a nightclub attendant. After (4), he moved to New York to work in Tin Pan Alley and then went on to Hollywood. His major film success came in 1947 when he won an Oscar for the best original screenplay for <i>The Bachelor and the Bobby Soxer</i> , starring Gary Grant and Shirley Temple.
It wasn't until the age of 52 (5), <i>The Naked Face</i> , which was followed by a series of blockbusters. A workaholic, Sheldon (6), said <i>The Times</i> . Thus for <i>Bloodline</i> , set in the Pharmaceuticals world, he travelled 100,000 miles and read 60 tomes about Swiss cosmetics. Reviewers often described his writing as "trashy", but Sheldon always insisted that he wrote not for critics, but for his readers. It was his proud boast that his novels were read by "everyone, from hookers to housewives truck drivers in India to oil workers in Norway".
A sold millions of books B successfully selling lyrics to the club band C are the cherished dreams of the writer D is the ambition of countless authors E spent a year researching each one F worked not for becoming famous G that he published his first novel Won a scholarship to Northwestern University
USE OF ENGLISH
Task 5
Read the text below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).
African Elephant
African elephants are the largest land animals on Earth. They are slightly larger than their Asian cousins and can be identified by their larger ears that (1) a bit like the continent of Africa.
Elephant ears (2) heat to help keep these large animals cool, but sometimes the African heat is too much. Elephants are fond of water and enjoy (3) by sucking water into their trunks and spraying it all (4) themselves. Afterwards, they often spray their skin with a protective coating of dust.

drin	king,	•	5)	things — e				ing, trumpeting, The trunk alone
and	strip		s. Mal	les use the tus	sks to	battle one anot		_ food and water out the ivory has
their	r tusk	• • • • • •	sillega	al today, but	it has	not been comp		e been killed for eliminated, and
1	A	showering	В	drinking	C	raining	D	watering
2	A	shine	В	express	C	radiate	D	spread
3	A	showering	В	drinking	C	raining	D	watering
4	A	above	В	across	С	about	D	over
5	A	fortunately	В	actually	C	finally	D	hardly
6	A	rising	В	licking	C	sneezing	D	grabbing
7	A	consists	В	keeps	C	contains	D	gets
8	A	dig for	В	dig into	C	dig down	D	dig through
9	A	estimable	В	valuable	C	assessable	D	affordable
10	A	extinct	В	dangerous	C	endangered	D	threatening
Rea D).	d the	e text below. I	∃or qı	Tas testions (1–5 Your Amaz	) choo		t ansv	ver (A, B, C or
You	r brai	in is faster and	more 1					
You sing emo	le the	y around a (1)_ing you will e to (2) ev	ever dovery blucture	mass of wrink o. From enab ink, breath, ar (4) ama	ly mat oling y nd hear azing	erial in your herou to think, lertbeat — this (3) that a famous s	earn, 3)	at controls every create, and feel control centre st once called it
1	A	three-	В	three-	C	three-	D	three-

		pound		pounds		pound's		pounds'
2	A	control	В	controlling	С	controlled	D	be controlling
3	A	fantasy	В	fantast	С	fantastically	D	fantastic
4	A	such	В	like	C	as	D	so
5	A	discover	В	discovered	C	have discovered	D	had discovered

Task 7

## Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## **Music in My Life**

High school can be a very stressful time in a teenager's life. Music gives teens an outlet to express their emotions and comforts them when they feel no one (1)\_\_\_\_ how they feel. The beauty of music is that there is no single type of music.

My passion is for music that tells a story. I also love music that has a new sound or something that sounds classic and raw, like live performances using acoustic instruments. Music also has the power to express opinion. Opinions on politics, religion, and people can (2)\_\_\_\_\_ in some of my music, but the music I like most is free of any politics since I feel there is too much politics in everything else. Music should be a unique expression of an (3)\_\_\_\_ feelings and views on the world. I like being able to mix the past and the present. Bands from the past let me get an idea of (4)\_\_\_\_ life was like before I was born.

Music helps me and many other people my age cope with the daily stresses of high school and lets us (5) the pressure from our peers. We can listen to some music in our rooms to escape from the world and to get over things like little fights with our parents.

Music affects every part of my life, the way I dress, my art, my language.

1	A	understood	В	understands	С	understand	D	is understanding
2	A	find	В	to be found	C	found	D	be found
3	A	artists'	В	artists	C	artist's	D	artist
4	A	which	В	that	C	what	D	how

5	A	to avoid	В	avoids	C	avoid	D	avoided

## BAPIAHT 5 READING

## Task 1

Read the text below. Choose from (A-H) the one which best fits each space (1-6). There are three choices you do not need to use.

## **Top Five Study Tips**

- or
1
Make sure you have all the materials you need at hand before you start studying. Getting up to look for a pencil sharpener or ruler will break your concentration and waste your time.
2
Think about what it will mean for you if you do well in your studies. How will it make you feel? If you keep the end result in mind it will help you succeed in studying.
You might like to find an image or something that represents success for you and put it
somewhere you can see it while you're studying.
3
Use a calendar or a list of dates or a wall planner to keep track of exam dates and assignment due dates. Space out your study time each week for the whole term/semester - don't try to cram it all in the night before!
Do the hardest work when you're feeling your best. Save the easy stuff for when you're tired.
Set yourself a time limit for each task and follow it.
4
You study better when you're feeling good. So make sure you eat well and get enough
sleep. Exercise is great but don't overdo it.
It's also a good idea to schedule regular breaks when you're studying and keep hydrated.

If you follow these steps you will study better.
4
Taking detailed notes in class or at home will save you a lot of time later. Re-writing and adding to your notes is a great way to revise what you've learned.
A Take care of yourself
B Organize your working space
C Get creative

D Clear your mind

E Write down and review

F Plan your time

**G** Socialize and relax

H Get motivated

## Task 2

Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## A Different Way to Wake Up

## By Catherine Clarke Fox

Matty Sallin's alarm clock wakes you up with the aroma of sizzling bacon. When Matty Sallin, 34, was working on a degree in art and technology at New York University, he got an interesting assignment in electronics class: Create something for the household. He decided to create an alarm clock.

"Everybody has to deal with these every day, and they are extremely unpleasant!" he says. He asked different people what they'd like to wake up to instead of a clanging, noisy alarm. A lot of them said, "The smell of bacon."

So Sallin and two classmates invented a new kind of alarm clock: a wooden box with a pig face and a digital clock that uses the smell of cooking bacon rather than sound to wake someone up. He explains, "There's no danger of burning, because I built it carefully. It uses halogen light bulbs instead of a flame for cooking and turns off automatically after ten minutes." Just a few easy steps are required to set the "alarm".

"What you do is put a couple of frozen strips in the night before," says Sallin. Bacon is cured, or preserved, so there is no danger of it spoiling overnight.

"If you set the alarm for 8:00, it will turn on at 7:50 and slow cook for ten minutes under the halogen bulbs", he says. Then the bulbs turn off and a fan blows the scent out through the nostrils of the pig.

"So instead of an alarm or a beep or a radio, you smell yourself awake", says Sallin.

"Then you can open the door on the side and pull the bacon out and eat it."

When Sallin was a kid, he spent a lot of time making drawings of inventions. "I wanted to make an elevator in my back yard and a special tree house," he says. "But I never really thought I'd be called an inventor!"

Sallin got an A in the class and went on to other things – but people continue to hear about his invention and email him every day asking where they can buy his alarm clock.

These days he designs computer software, but if he decides to produce and sell his aroma alarm, maybe he can develop some other models. Any votes for cinnamon buns?

## 1. Which of the following is TRUE about Matty Sallin?

A He taught at New York University.

**B** He liked fried bacon for breakfast.

C He got up at 8 in the morning when a student.

**D** He got the idea of his alarm clock from others.

## 2. What does the word "they" in line 7 stand for?

A household chores

**B** alarm clocks

C assignments

**D** classes

## 3. Which is NOT mentioned in the text about the new alarm clock?

A It's available in several models

**B** It's a result of team work

C It's popular with people

D It's safe to use

## 4. What is Matty working on now?

- A halogen bulbs
- **B** a backyard elevator
- C a cinnamon alarm
- **D** computer programs

## 5. Which of the following does the author mention in the text?

- A Matty was given the task to make an alarm clock.
- **B** Matty was successful in selling his aroma alarm.
- C Matty's alarm clock fulfils two functions.
- **D** Matty's alarm gives three beeping sounds.

## Task 3

Read the texts below. Match from (A–H) the ones which best fit each text. There are two choices you do not need to use.

## 1. Diego G., Virginia

When I step onto the trail that borders Rocky Run Stream, the civilized world quickly disappears. I think the only one who likes exploring these waters more than I do is my big brown dog, Paisa. He eagerly splashes around, and lets the water come up to his neck

## 2. Madeline L., Texas

While exploring the Redwoods last summer, my family walked down to the Eel River. We couldn't swim in the river because of blue green algae warnings, so we decided to make water peepers to help us see down further into the water without going all the way in. We saw water insects, fish, and a snake swimming by.

## 3. Kennan N., Florida

I monitor the water level of my pond to discover the effects of heavy rains and drought. This lets me know when I need to water my plants and when there has been sufficient

rainfall. I also like to study the water quality in the pond. Exploring water has become my passion and one day it will be my career.

## 4. Michael P., New York

The timid, green, Asian Shore Crab froze when confronted with my towering metallic camera lens. I held my breath and focusing on the animal in front of me, I clicked, capturing the moment forever. Photography permits me to discover our planet and myself at the same time. By taking these pictures I can share my excitement for exploration with friends.

## 5. Jonathan S., Massachusetts

Making my descent, I can't help feeling claustrophobic and anxious. I've waited for this moment forever and now I'm so nervous. Since my twelfth birthday I've read and studied. Full of knowledge, with a scuba license and lots of gear weighing me down, I sink into the warm Caribbean Ocean – a place I've only imagined about visiting.

## 6. Kobie B., New Mexico

H likes long boating trips

Who of the kids \_\_\_\_\_?

I love to hike up to our favorite camping spot in one of the canyons. The majesty of the mountains overwhelms me as I search for caddis fly larvae beneath the pebbles in the stream and it saddens me to think of all the water going to waste in my city while I splash around to my heart's content.

# A would like to be a water expert B shows experiences to others C dreams of far-away voyages D goes exploring with a pet E worries about using too much water F has prepared for the exploration experience G found an alternative way to view water life

## Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

Music for the Soul
It is impossible for me (1) when it comes to the subject of music or the music program in school. I have been in my school's band since I was in the sixth grade. The unity and structure of the music caught my ear and pulled me in (2)
I was interested in how so many instruments could all have different parts and still fit together (3) I toyed with the thought of playing multiple instruments before I decided to follow my big brother's footsteps and invest in a saxophone. Six years have passed since (4) for the first time and I still enjoy playing.
Although I do view my school as a very fun and exciting place with eccentric teachers and great students, I would not enjoy it if it was (5) For the people in a band, music class is an escape from the math, English, and science classes they take every day. Music is a way for students (6) As a music fan, I sleep, read, and do homework better when there is music constantly playing in the background.
A to relax from the tension of homework or tests
<b>B</b> showing up to play for them
C like a jigsaw puzzle
<b>D</b> to be completely objective
E lacking a music program
F holding my saxophone
G like a fish at the end of a line
H the lack of live music
USE OF ENGLISH
Task 5
Read the text below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).
This Week's Dream
Most pubs in Bermuda have two TVs, one for cricket and one for baseball. In recent decades, American cultural (1) over this little archipelago in the western Atlantic has been strong, but it remains a British Overseas Territory – the oldest of all.

				nocratic and vo	-			_ the eye of any
Sir G	eorge	Somers ran	agrou own of	nd on a sandba 'St George's,	ank in	a storm and (4)		d in 1609, when it for the dest English (5)
Bermof the wond rich l	nuda s e islan lers ar pird's	horts (6) nd's bungalo _ to grains re Crystal Ca life: like Pro	ows ar of cor ave – a ospero'	by some lead of the pink, its but all in the sand cavern comp is isle, "(9)	ocals (uses ard (8) lex wi	usually with a jace pink — and second Beth stalagmites a	acket a o are rmuda nd stal ounds	neatly pressed and a tie). Many its beaches, (7) as other natural factites – and its and sweet airs", wilight".
1	A	effect	В	influence	C	presence	D	introduction
2	A	get	В	take	C	hold	D	catch
3	A	to	В	at	C	in	D	for
4	A	devoted	В	requested	C	claimed	D	dedicated
5	A	public	В	group	C	community	D	audience
6	A	put	В	worn	C	carried	D	dressed
7	A	in order	В	because	C	in spite	D	thanks
8	A	Within	В	Among	C	Between	D	Along
9	A	full	В	packed	С	rich	D	filled
10	A	on	В	in	C	at	D	by

Task 6
Read the text below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Japan under Snow

Why do so few of us think of (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Japan in winter? On the north island of Hokkaido, snow is as (2) \_\_\_\_\_ as in Finnish Lapland, but it's not as cold. And the resorts are (3) \_\_\_\_\_ managed and the facilities are first-class. At Rusutsu there are 18 miles of groomed trails, catering to all abilities, through well-spaced birch

of off-	•								
	onal c	onsen for a shia						you can visit aranteeing a goo	
1	A	visit	В	visited	C	visiting	D	visits	
2	2 A guaranteed B guaranty				С	guarantee	D	guaranteeing	
3	A	beauty	В	beautiful	C	beautify	D	beautifully	
4	A	big	В	biggest	C	bigger	D	the biggest	
5 A winters B				B winter C winter		winters'	D	winter's	
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Each y live tu officia the N	year aurkey (al turk	t Thanksgiving (along (2) ey). At a Whit al Thanksgiving out the rest of	g, the re Horng T f their B B	The Turke President of t an alternatuse ceremony urkey and to lives on a factor received with will	y Pan he Unte in o , the he al	rdon  nited States (1) case something president (4) ternate turkey  is receiving  for	(3) _ s, all D	a gift of to th "pardons owing them (5	

## Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (1-5) to (A-H). There are three choices you do not need to use.

**Central European University** 

1				
1				
1				

Central European University (CEU) is looking to attract students with a sense of social responsibility who are dedicated to contributing to the public good, who are transnationally inclined, and who have the potential to work for open and democratic societies. They must in addition possess the highest academic achievements and have the potential for intellectual development. Another of the main characteristics of CEU's student body is the lack of a dominant national culture. Students are admitted on the basis of merit, without any specific country quotas or preferences.

CEU encourages and supports a lively university atmosphere and a sense of community that extends beyond the classroom. As the majority of students come to CEU as international students, the university seeks to build upon the multicultural diversity of its constituents and to enrich the overall student experience. Student activities at CEU are organized directly by the students, by their academic departments or by the Student Life Office of Student Services. Some activities support specific interests, talents and academic pursuits, while others are open to the entire university community and bring together students, faculty and staff.

3					

The CEU Residence and Conference Centre is a modern residence complex located in District 10 of Budapest. It provides air-conditioned single rooms for up to 180 students; each room is equipped with a personal computer and a private bathroom. The dormitory is run as a hotel-type service and students can find many other services such as a small shop for various personal articles, a cafeteria, a restaurant and a pub. There is a sports centre with a swimming pool and a fitness room, basketball and tennis courts, etc. On every floor there is a quiet lounge with a coffee machine, a microwave oven and a refrigerator, as well as a TV room, and a laundry room. Bed linen is provided, but not towels and toiletries. Cooking or keeping food in rooms is not permitted.

4			

With over 250,000 documents in various formats, the CEU Library holds the largest collection of English-language materials in the social sciences and the humanities in Central and Eastern Europe. New materials are constantly acquired, particularly within the disciplines of CEU's academic departments and programs. Recently published English-language monographs and serials in economics, environmental policy and sciences, history, international relations and European studies, law, and political science can be found in the collection: many are unique to the region. The basic literature of specialized fields such as gender studies or nationalism is also richly represented.

|--|

CEU maintains an internal academic data network. Course registration and grading are computerized, and students are responsible for conducting all necessary procedures in

connection with registration. This continually developing service integrates most of the administrative functions students have to deal with during their stay at CEU.

- **A** Information System
- **B** Food Services
- C Student Profile
- **D** Curriculum Standard
- **E** Information Resources
- F Housing and Facilities
- **G** Extracurricular Activities
- **H** Student Instruction

### Task 2

## Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## The Candy Man Can

Knowing my weakness for all things sugary, a friend recently gave me a wonderful gift: a framed candy-bar wrapper dating back to the Great Depression. The odd name of the bar, *Chicken Dinner*, was accented by the label art: a steaming chicken. Sad to say, *Chicken Dinner* did not include any actual chicken parts. It was mostly nuts and chocolate. But why would a confectioner name a chocolate bar after a Sunday meal?

This is a profound question in itself, of course, but it also highlights an odd fact: at times of economic crisis, while most manufacturers are struggling, companies such as *Hershey's* and *Nestle* are reporting increased sales. Apparently there is nothing more soothing to the financially insecure than a candy bar, however oddly named. To understand why requires a look back at our past.

Both in the Old World and the New, chocolate was consumed exclusively by the aristocracy, and in liquid form. The technology required to render chocolate into a solid form came along only in the mid-19th century. But it took World War I for the chocolate bar to emerge as a distinct culinary product. American companies began mass-producing bars as single-serving rations for the soldiers. When the "dough boys" returned to the States, they encouraged the domestic demand for candy bars. Ironically, it was the beginning of the Depression that actually resulted in the golden age of candy bars. What had been, just a century earlier, the ultimate luxury foodstuff, became manna for the masses. According to the late Ray Broekel, the author of The *Great American Candy Bar Book*, more than 30,000 distinct brands were introduced during the

Depression. Candy bars might be regarded as America's first fast food: cheap, self-contained and filling — at least in the short-term.

The variety of regionally made bars available back then was dazzling. Most major cities had confectioners producing bars, and big cities such as Chicago and Boston boasted dozens. The range of components included local nuts and produce such as pecans, walnuts, strawberries, cherries and figs. No doubt the strangest bar to be introduced during the boom was the infamous *Vegetable Sandwich*, produced for quite a short while during the health craze of the 1920s. Billed as "a delicious candy made with vegetables," the bar consisted of dehydrated celery, peas and carrots covered in chocolate. While it's true that the *Vegetable Sandwich* probably lived up to its marketing tag — "will not constipate" — *it never quite caught on with the public*.

Still, what people wanted then was a dessert that they could convince themselves was healthy. The same holds true today. Consolidation by industrial giants such as *Hershey's* and *Mars* has long since driven most regional bars out of existence, and a much smaller number of national brands has emerged. But brands like Snickers continue to be marketed as "satisfying" (read: filling and nutritious) snacks. Nor is it any surprise that retail candy sales have been strong during the current recession. Candy bars remain an incredibly affordable luxury, products that simultaneously deliver a sugar high and a nostalgic feeling of excitement, by reminding consumers of the innocent pleasures of childhood.

## 1. What surprised the author, according to PARAGRAPH 1?

A the date of the candy-bar production

**B** the value of the candy-bar wrapper

C the name of the old candy bar

**D** the ingredients of the Sunday meal

## 2. Which of the following is TRUE of chocolate, according to the text?

A Chocolate has become Americans' favourite dessert.

**B** Chocolate used to be the privilege of the nobility.

C Chocolate was first made solid during World War I.

**D** Chocolate drinks were invented during the Great Depression.

## 3. What does the author mean by writing that the Vegetable Sandwich "never quite caught on with the public" in PARAGRAPH 4?

A It was not popular with the consumers.

**B** It was not available in small towns.

C It was not considered a health food.

**D** It was not affordable to the customers.

## 4. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the text?

- **A** The author of the text has a strong liking for sweet foods.
- **B** Soldiers contributed to spreading candy bars in the USA.
- C Candy-bar recipes contained various local ingredients.
- **D** Consolidation of big brands made candy bars cheaper.

## 5. What is stated in the text?

- **A** Chocolate sells in greater amounts when economy is in decline.
- **B** Chocolate candy bars are healthier than other fast food.
- C The number of chocolate brands is constantly growing.
- **D** Customers' choice of candy bars depends on their ingredients.

### Task 3

## Read the texts below. Match choices (1–6) to (A–H). There are two choices you do not need to use.

## **Unforgettable Holidays**

## 1. Yellowstone Winter Family Tour

Introduce your family to the magic of Yellowstone in winter, when wildlife is easier to spot against the white landscape. Watch the geyser Old Faithful explode into the sky, and discover Yellowstone's more hidden treasures as you explore in the comfort of heated snow coaches. Exploring with a naturalist, learn about the reintroduction of wolves in the park. Enjoy activities designed for explorers of all ages!

## 2. Holiday Journey in the Sea of Cortez

Explore a world of sparkling deserts, deep blue seas, wild islands and dazzling marine life on a holiday voyage into the Sea of Cortez. In the company of wildlife biologists, explore this UNESCO World Heritage site to the fullest on a variety of daily excursions. Go kayaking and snorkeling among sea lions, brilliant blue damselfish, and schools of king angelfish, or follow naturalists on hikes among giant cactuses.

## 3. Alaska Family Adventure

Discover stunning landscapes and wildlife on a family expedition into the heart of Alaska's untouched wilderness. Stay in cozy cabins in Denali National Park and in alpine luxury at a beautiful mountain resort. Head out on naturalist-led hikes to search for moose, caribou, wolves, and grizzly bears. Meet Alaska's wild residents up close at a local conservation centre, and scan the horizon for whales and other marine life on a wildlife cruise through Prince William Sound.

## 4. Australia Expedition

Australia's isolation for millennia allowed unique ecosystems and cultures to thrive. Explore its forests, deserts, and the world's largest coral reef; and spot fascinating wildlife. Meet members of the Aboriginal community and learn about their spiritual beliefs. Attend a show at the world-famous Sydney Opera House. Experience Australia through the lens of your *On Assignment project* — Photography or Filmmaking.

## 5.Bhutan: Kingdom in the Clouds

Within the folds of Bhutan's mountains le sacred temples, dazzling rice fields, and villages unchanged by time. On this magical journey, experience the wonders of the last Mahayana Buddhist kingdom of the Himalaya. Hike to ancient *dzongs*, meet local families, wander through serene monasteries, discover unique artistic traditions, and witness one of Bhutan's colourful parades and processions at local festivals.

## 6.Biodiversity Conservation

When it comes to natural resources, Brazil is full of superlatives. It is home to the largest rainforest in the world, one of the largest wetlands, the greatest number of species, and nearly 5,000 miles of coast. Encounter an incredible array of wildlife as you explore by horseback, boat, and foot, learning the successes of and challenges to conservation efforts here. Then join scientists to work on the preservation of the golden lion tamarin in the jungles north of Rio.

Which of the journeys gives a chance?  A to walk among prickly tropical plants
<b>B</b> to get acquainted with the variety of a tropical forest
C to go whitewater rafting with all your family
<b>D</b> to enjoy comfortable accommodation in a picturesque place
E to visit a theatrical performance
F to take a diving course for beginners
G to find out about returning animals to their habitat
H to see a spectacular merrymaking

## Task 4

Read the texts below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

When Giants Go Mini: Size of Dinosaurs Surprises Paleontologists

When very small dinosaur bones were found in a rock mine in Germany's Harz Mountains in 1998, (1)
But paleontologist Martin Sander's work shows that they were probably full grown! Named <i>Europasaurus</i> , they are the smallest of the giant dinosaur species ever found.
Growth marks on dinosaur bones are similar to growth rings on trees. The rings are far apart (2) They form closer together as growth slows.
"It is precisely these tight compressed marks that we have discovered just beneath the surface of the fossil bones," says Sander. So the <i>Europasaurus</i> fossils in the mine must have been from full-grown animals.
Why was <i>Europasaurus</i> , (3), so much smaller than its cousins the brachiosaurs, which grew up to 148 feet (45 metres) long and weighed as much as a thousand humans?
Back 150 million years ago, most of Germany was underwater. Scientists think (4), land and food there became more and more scarce. <i>Europasaurus</i> was forced to adapt to its shrinking habitat, so (5)
Since 1998, an international team of scientists has carefully dug up more than 1,000 dinosaur fossils in the rock mine. It is one of the few places in the world (6)
A it evolved into a smaller animal needing less space and food
<b>B</b> which was slightly longer and heavier than a car
C where the bones and footprints of dinosaurs have been found together
<b>D</b> people thought they were from baby dinosaurs
E where trees grew up to one hundred metres
F that as the water levels began to rise
<b>G</b> while the animal is young and growing quickly
H the struggle for survival will never end
Use of English
Read the texts below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).
Task 5
Harry Potter Film Takes \$168m to Break Ticket Records
The (1) Harry Potter movie shattered box office records in the US and Canada, taking \$168m over its opening weekend.

(2)		pening week	-			nde \$92.1m on i atman film <i>The</i>		0 3
world	l (4)	for hou	rs to l		rst to	franch see the film, wh in the series.		
world taken said I the fin	lwide, \$157 Dan Forst mo	. The (6) not including .5m by the fi ellman, head vie in the ser	g the frst Frof do	Potter film se final film's (7) iday. "A billio mestic distributarry Potter and	n doll tion a	which slightly has so far earn so far. Internatars was (8)t Warner Bros. Philosopher's Stote, Emma Watso	ed metionall going going the second going	ore than £4bn by, the film had ng to happen," been 16 years as (9) It
1	A	past	В	definite	C	final	D	finished
2	A	preceded	В	previous	С	complete	D	eventual
3	A	popular	В	modern	С	contemporary	D	affordable
4	A	hoped	В	imagined	C	held	D	queued
5	A	interest	В	need	С	price	D	importance
6	A	proper	В	all	C	absolute	D	entire
7	A	sums	В	takings	С	incomes	D	benefits
8	A	extremely	В	definitely	С	strictly	D	strongly
9	A	released	В	done	С	prepared	D	delivered
10	A	cast	В	party	C	crew	D	band

## Task 6

## Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## Paris Aims to Change Fashion Face by 2024

Paris is taking official steps toward stable development within the fashion industry by launching *Paris Good Fashion*, an initiative aiming to push the fashion industry towards adopting (1) \_\_\_\_\_ long-lasting practices. Over the next five years — the estimated end date is the 2024 edition of the Olympic Games, (2) \_\_\_\_ will be held in Paris — *Paris Good Fashion* will bring together a cast of (3) \_\_\_\_ fashion players joining forces to work on becoming more eco-conscious. The project's roadmap for 2020 (4)

June during an event that will include a cycle of conferences, an awards ceremony for the new *Eyes on Talent* prize for inclusive design, in partnership (5)\_\_\_\_\_ France Handicap, as well as a campaign promoting recycling within fashion.

1	A	more	В	much	C	little	D	few
2	A	when	В	where	C	what	D	which
3	A	vary	В	variety	C	various	D	variously
4	A	will unveil	В	will be unveiled	C	will be unveiling	D	will have unveiled
5	A	with	В	by	C	of	D	for

## Things You Didn't Know About Silver

## Read the texts below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Silver's antibacterial properties (1) their way into the kitchen. It's used in many
refrigerators' antibacterial linings (2) germs before they attack your fresh
produce. It's also no accident that silver cutlery (kept in the drawer for Christmas) was
popular in the past, given that it has the innate ability to banish bacteria.
Since silver prevents the growth of bacteria and fungi, it is ideal for use in sports clothing, where growth can lead to unpleasant odours. Whether it (3) into the fibre itself, or coated on to it, silver-infused fabrics keep odour (4) a minimum.
Silver solutions were officially approved by medical authorities in the Twenties for use as antibacterial agents. Today, dressings, topical gels and bandages containing silver are

well-established for clinical wound care and are now used in (5) products such

as plasters, because of its wide-spectrum, anti-microbial activity.

1	A	have been found	В	were found	С	had been found	D	have found
2	A	killed	В	to kill	C	are killing	D	kill
3	A	is integrating	В	is integrated	C	integrated	D	integrating
4	A	in	В	of	C	at	D	for
5	A	consume	В	consuming	C	consumer	D	consumerist

## **BAPIAHT 7**

## **READING**

## Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (1–5) to (A–H). There are three choices you do not need to use.

Some Tips for Teens to Succeed in an Interview
1
Don't just show up for the interview. The more information you have learnt in advance, the better impression you will make on the interviewer. Take the time to get working papers (if you need them) and references, before you start looking for a job.  2
It's essential to have good manners being interviewed. Shake your interviewer's hand. Don't sit until you are invited to. Don't slouch in your chair. Doesn't use slang or swear. Be positive, and professional throughout the interview.
3
Know what days and hours you are available to work. The employer will ask. Flexibility is definitely an asset, because the more time you are available, the easier it is for the employer to organize your work. Also know how you are going to get to and from work, if you don't drive.  4
Arrive at the interview site a few minutes early. If you're not sure where to go, get directions ahead of time. If you don't have a driver's license, make sure you have a ride.  5
If your mom or dad brings you for an interview, don't bring them into the interview room with you. Go by yourself. It's important that you speak for yourself and connect with the interviewer, without someone else's assistance.
<ul> <li>A Be Polite</li> <li>B Be Punctual</li> <li>C Be Prepared</li> <li>D Go on Your Own</li> <li>E Dress Appropriately</li> </ul>

Task 2

F Know Your Schedule G Prepare Your Questions H Consult Your Parents

## Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## **Spatulatta**

Ding, ding! When you visit the website Spatulatta: Cooking 4 Kids Online, a cheery bell signals that the fun is about to begin. Isabella and Olivia Gerasole of Chicago, Illinois, use the power of video to teach kids how to prepare tasty recipes. The cool thing is, the sisters are kids themselves. When last year they won for their website a James Beard Foundation award, named after a world-famous chef, these grade-schoolers became the youngest cooks ever to receive recognition from the group.

The idea for the website came from their neighbour, film producer Gaylon Emerzian. Isabella, 11, says when Emerzian asked the sisters if they'd like to help with a cooking website for kids, they knew right away that it would be fun. "We could do a website ourselves at home and reach kids all around the world", Isabella says. "We get recipes and fan mail from lots of different countries."

The sisters film new segments every two weeks. They set aside four or five hours to work, often while the neighbourhood kids are outside playing, and have learned a lot about lighting, filming, and editing. "The sacrifice is worth it", says Isabella. "Sometimes it is hard to fit in, but when you see your finished work on the website, it is the greatest feeling!"

Olivia, 9, has this advice: "If you mess up, it is just fine. I mess up all the time!" She says she's short and often can't reach bowls to stir properly. She's learned to use a stool and keep trying, "Mess-ups can be frustrating, but you'll get it some time!"

Since winning the award, the girls have been interviewed by television, radio, and newspaper reporters. They've learned that hard work can not only turn out to be fun, but can lead to surprising results. Isabella and Olivia have also learned that one good idea can lead to another. Their new cookbook will roll off the presses this fall.

1.	According	to	par	agr	aph	1	 	_•	

- A James Beard inspired Isabella and Olivia Gerasole
- **B** the sisters got a prize for their humorous programme
- C James Beard is the chief manager of the Foundation
- **D** the girls show how to cook delicious dishes via the Internet

## 2. It is stated in paragraph 2 that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A it took the girls some time to agree to Emerzian's proposal
- B the sisters get funny recipes from their neighbours
- C Isabella and Olivia have organized their own cooking competition
- D the girls are enjoying international popularity

3.	In	paragraph 3	the author	says that the	sisters
----	----	-------------	------------	---------------	---------

A make three new issues a month

- **B** regret the time spent on the work
- C have gained filming experience
- **D** dislike playing with little kids

## 4. Which of the following is TRUE about Olivia?

- A She cooks with neighbourhood children.
- **B** She can cook few dishes because of her height.
- C She has got to know a lot about film making.
- **D** She spends hours per week answering fan mail.

## 5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned among the results of the girls' work?

- A getting interest from the mass media
- **B** getting money and recognition
- C getting their work published
- D getting valuable life experience

### Task 3

## Read the text below. Choose from (A-H) the one which best fits each space (1-7). There are two choices you do not need to use.

## **Literary Heaven**

There's nothing like your first great bookstore discovery. Here are some of the most remarkable bookshops from all around the globe, each one of them is special in its own way.

### 1 Barter Books

Barter Books is located in a beautiful old Victorian Alnwick railway station, in Northumberland, U.K., right where passengers once bought their train tickets. Barter Books comforts its customers with a homey feel - fires in the winter, a buffet, and a waiting room for people to sip coffee and read.

## 2 E. Shaver, Bookseller

Nearly 40 years old, E. Shaver, Bookseller is located in historic Savannah and specializes in regional topics from architecture to gardening. Considered a local treasure, one allure of the store is the collection of antique maps that can be found between its bookshelves. And if you've ever dreamed of owning a bookstore here's your chance. Founders Edwin and Esther Shaver have put the shop on the market.

## 3 El Ateneo Grand Splendid

Certainly one of the most beautiful bookstores, El Ateneo Grand Splendid is a theatreturned- bookstore in Buenos Aires, Argentina. It features eye-catching frescoes and sculptures - and, as if the scenery wasn't enough, customers can flip through books in theatre boxes and sip a hot drink in the cafe towards the back of the stage!

## 4 Shakespeare & Company

The history of Shakespeare & Company clearly shows that this is more than just a bookstore. George Whitman founded the Paris bookstore in 1951. He had travelled the world, at times facing hunger and thirst for days on end, finally finding hospitality in the arms of local people. His experiences shaped his store's philosophy, and for decades it has been, as the store's website puts it, "a home-away-from-home for many thousands of writers and visitors from around the world".

## 5 McKay Used Books

McKay offers more than just books. The idea of a "free enterprise library" stemmed from the concept of trading books you've read for ones you haven't. This Knoxville store is stocked exclusively with items that customers bring in to trade or sell.

## 6 Cafebreria EL Pebdulo

pandas.

Though the books line the walls of Mexico City's Cafebreria EL Pebdulo, visitors can order breakfast, lunch and dinner from the café and drinks from the bar, all the while enjoying live music, poetry reading, stand up comedy improvisations and more. This café/bookstore even has valet parking.

## In what way is each bookstore special?

- A It offers visitors meals and entertainment.
- **B** It purchases second hand books from its customers.
- C It holds workshops for young artists and writers.
- **D** It is a converted public transport terminal.
- E It is a place to enjoy both watching and reading a play.
- **F** It is a former place for live performances.
- G It provides an opportunity to become a business owner.
- H It is a welcoming location for international travellers.

## Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

## Scientists Help Giant Pandas Raise Twins Any human mother of twins knows (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the same time. And it's true for other mammals, too. "Nearly half of all giant panda births in zoos and research stations result in twins," says Don Lindburg, (2) \_\_\_\_\_ at the San Diego Zoo. "Taking care of a tiny infant is such a difficult chore (3) \_\_\_\_\_," Lindburg says. "Every newborn panda is important," says Lindburg. "After giant pandas have grown to adulthood, some of the captive-born bears could be released into the mountainous wilds," he says. Those (4) \_\_\_\_\_ will help rebuild China's population of wild

At China's Wolong facility, caregivers are helping make the mother's situation more "bear-able". They gently remove one of the twins, keeping it warm and well fed for a week (5)
The twins continue to be swapped for months, (6) and no longer need nursing. Bamboo, apples, carrots, and biscuits are added to the diet of mother's milk when the cubs are about seven months old. By adulthood, the pandas will eat fresh stems, shoots and leaves of wild bamboo plants.
A who is the leader of the giant panda research team  B until the cubs can eat solid foods C that mate and give birth to more cubs D that it's hard to raise two children of the same age E after female pandas get mature enough to breed F that mother pandas usually can't handle two G who weighs about two hundred grams H before trading it for the cub's brother or sister
USE OF ENGLISH
Task 5
Read the text below. For questions (1–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).
Stonehenge Village
Archaeologists digging near Stonehenge last year (1) the remains of a large prehistoric village where they think the builders of the mysterious stone circle used to live.
The village was shown to be about 4,600 years old, the same (2) as Stonehenge and as old as the pyramids in Egypt. The village is less than 2 miles from Stonehenge and (3) inside a massive manmade circular earthwork.
Remains found at the site (4) jewelry, stone arrowheads, tools made of deer antlers, and huge amounts of animal bones and broken pottery.
An old road which (5) from the village to a river called the Avon was also unearthed.
The experts believe Stonehenge was like a cemetery where (6) Britons buried the dead and remembered their ancestors. "The theory is that Stonehenge is a kind of spirit home to the ancestors," Parker Pearson says.
Next to the village there was a giant wooden version of the famous stone circle. Archaeologists (7) this timber circle, which was only temporary because it eventually rotted away, was a symbol of life. Stonehenge, on the other (8), was a permanent symbol of the afterlife. Parker Pearson says the recent discoveries

made around the (9)	found village show that Stonehenge didn't stand alone						
but was a part of a much big	gger religious site. People still keep worshiping and						
celebrating at Stonehenge today. They meet there when the sun sets on the shortest day							
of winter and when it (10)	on the longest day of summer.						

1	A	discovered	В	picked	C	met	D	watched
2	A	condition	В	age	C	state	D	time
3	A	spreads	В	settles	C	stays	D	lies
4	A	covered	В	included	C	involved	D	engaged
5	A	led	В	followed	C	moved	D	directed
6	A	last	В	former	C	antique	D	ancient
7	A	tell	В	claim	C	speak	D	talk
8	A	hand	В	side	C	thing	D	part
9	A	frequently	В	freshly	С	newly	D	regularly
10	A	stands	В	grows	С	rises	D	climbs

Task 6

## Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

One of my (1) \_\_\_\_\_ memorable summers was my trip down under to New Zealand and Australia when I had the opportunity to be a part of the *People to People* Student Exchange program.

Our delegation's twenty-day stay (2) \_\_\_\_\_ with action-packed thrills from diving on the Great Barrier Reef to nature hikes in the tropics of New Zealand. Our group also travelled to a Maori village where we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ overnight learning about the native tribal rituals, dances, customs, and beliefs.

The trip also included museum visits, long flights and bus rides. I quickly felt (4) \_\_\_\_\_ home with the new friends I met from my own delegation. I am still closely involved with many friends from the trip. If you (5) \_\_\_\_\_ a chance to be involved with the *People to People* summer programs, I highly recommend doing it.

1	A	the more	В	the most	C	most	D	much
2	A	fill	В	was filled	C	filling	D	has filled
3	A	would stay	В	stayed	C	had stayed	D	were stayed

4	A	inside	В	of	C	in	D	at
5	A	got	В	will get	C	get	D	has got

Task 7

Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

In March this year, Peter John Rigby, 73, from Skipton, (1) reading for mothan ten seconds by North Yorkshire Police's mobile (2) camera on Beamsl Hill.	
Mr. Rigby pleaded guilty to dangerous driving and was fined £1,080. In addition to for 12 months, he was ordered to take an extended driving test.	(3)
Dave Brown, Team Manager, said: "Those 10 seconds (4) have been disastronged for him or other road users. This case demonstrates the clear evidence captured by the camera and should serve as a reminder to other road users of the potential consequence of the potential con	the

1	A	has seen	В	was seen	C	was seeing	D	has been seen
2	A	safety	В	save	C	safe	D	safely
3	A	be banning	В	banning	C	ban	D	being banned
4	A	must	В	should	C	could	D	ought
5	A	choose	В	chooses	C	had chosen	D	will choose

## **BAPIAHT 8**

## READING

## Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (A-H) to (1-5). There are three choices you do not need to use.

## **Coping with Writing Anxiety**

Start writing at whatever point you like. If you want to begin in the middle, fine. Leave the introduction or first section until later. The reader will never know that you wrote the paper beginning with the main body. Besides, some writers routinely save the

introduction until later when they have a clearer idea of what the main idea and purpose will be.

Pretend that you're writing to a child, to a close friend, to a parent, to a person who sharply disagrees with you, to someone who's new to the subject and needs to have you explain your paper's topic slowly and clearly. Changing the audience can clarify your purpose. (Who am I writing to when I explain how to change the oil in a car? That guy down the hall who's always asking everyone for help.) Changing the audience can also make you feel more comfortable and help you write more easily.

Pretend you are someone else writing the paper. For instance, assume you are the president of a strong feminist movement and are asked to write about sexist advertising. Or, pretend you are the president of a major oil company asked to defend the high price of oil. Consider being someone in another time period, perhaps Abraham Lincoln, or someone with a different perspective from your own on things, someone living in Hiroshima at the time the bomb was dropped. Pulling yourself out of your usual perspective can help you think more about the subject than writing about the subject.

- A Aim your writing at different addressees
- **B** Discuss your essay with someone else
- C Re-read your notes
- **D** Imagine yourself in different roles
- E Record your composition
- F Write a plan of your paper
- G Try writing "backwards"
- H Bear information in your mind

## Task 2

Read the text below. For questions (6-10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## **My Greek Christmas**

Family Bonding Takes on New Meaning in My Loud, Loving Family.

Every Christmas, my entire family overstuffs their suitcases and heads over to my grandparents' house for a vacation filled with comfort, food and family bonding. But this is not just any family bonding, this is customary Greek family bonding. Driving up to the house is an experience in itself. On their street we pass about 13 cars all with cleverly titled Greek-themed license plates only to find my Grandpa in the yard, decorating a miniature replica of the Parthenon with blue and white lights. We step inside the door to an overwhelming greeting, and 643 kisses later. Every year, it never fails. I wander around their house in search of a majestic Christmas tree. And every year I find a tall basket of tomatoes standing in for it instead.

After my discovery (or re-discovery) of the glowing tomato "temple", I watch my baby cousins torture the Greek Gods - also known as the cats - Kosta, Aristotle and Athena. The dinner bell has been politely rung, otherwise known as my Grandma banging her spoon against a bowl, and in a matter of seconds there is utter chaos, and there is no other way of describing it. Looking into the kitchen I see four loaves of bread, 40 stuffed tomatoes, a platter of freshly sliced lamb, a massive Greet salad, an equally massive "peasant" salad, giant lemon shrimp, and of course, a beautiful block of feta cheese.

We all sit down to eat, and soon enough, all my great-uncles are screaming at each other about money or Greek politics. (News flash: They have all lived in America for the past 40 years). By the end of dinner Grandma takes out the CD player for a little *tsifteteli* and *kalamatiano*. And then we dance in circles around the kitchen until we can't see straight and return to the table, only to find more food being served for us - watermelon, grapes, cookies and coffee. It is almost three in the morning now and I figure when the Greek alphabet is racing through my mind that I am unable to think and must retire to my plastic-covered couch.

As I lie there, I suddenly realize how truly lucky I am. I was graced with such a vibrant, loving culture and wouldn't change it for the world. Sure, my big Greek family can be overwhelming with their eating and kissing and dancing, but the love they have for each other is so obvious and so comforting. When I spend time with my Greek relatives I feel where I belong. Furthermore, growing up Greek has taught me to appreciate the different cultures that this world has to offer.

I wake up the next morning to find my whole family singing Greek Christmas songs with Santa ... dressed in a toga. Merry Christmas, Kala Christouyenna, Feliz Navidad, however you want to say it, and I hope you cherish your family time as much as I do.

## 1. What is TRUE of the cars near the house of the author's grandparents?

- **A** They had Greek registration numbers.
- **B** They had specially decorated number plates.
- C They belonged to the grandparents' neighbours.
- **D** They blocked the driveway to the house.

## 2. What did the author say about the Christmas tree in her grandparents' house?

- A It was tall and majestically decorated.
- **B** It was standing in the middle of the yard.
- C It was replaced by a container of vegetables.
- **D** It was illuminated with blue and white lights.

## 3. Why did the author's grandmother hit her spoon against a bowl?

- A She wanted to attract the kids' attention.
- **B** She invited everybody to have a meal.
- C She tried to handle the chaos in the kitchen.
- **D** She decided to tap traditional Greek music.

4.It	can	be	inferred	from	the	text	that	tsifteteli	and	kalamatiano
are				•						

- A national customs
- **B** festive dishes
- C traditional dances
- **D** local fruit

1.

## 5. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the text?

- **A** Greeks traditionally have close family relationships.
- **B** Knowing one culture helps you respect others.
- C Greeks tend to be overweight because of eating too much.
- **D** Family gatherings are a good way to learn national customs.

## Task 3

Read the texts below. Match choices (A-H) to (11-16). There are two choices you do not need to use.

This is a prime example of what can be called a Quality Awful Film. This is one of
those movies that have you wondering. Long before the actors signed up and the
locations were chosen and the sets were built and the filming began, how did someone
not say, "Um, we have a big problem with this story"?

While the complex special effects shots and stunt work keep you on the edge of your seat, you can't shake that feeling that it's all one Wile E. Coyote gag from a <i>Looney Tunes</i> cartoon. If this is the end, this is a good one but, of course, another sequel has already been announced.
3 Directed by Tim Johnson, it has a bright, candy-coloured look, with a few fancy 3-D effects and some wonderfully detailed "sets." Steve Martin voices Smek. Jennifer Lopez lends her voice to the role of Tip's mother. The soundtrack features a number of Rihanna tunes. Anyone over 10 will see the plot twists a mile away. Kids will enjoy a goofy race of aliens called Boovs, the rainbows of colours and the music.
4It's a film about a scenarist worried about writing a romantic comedy script because he's never been in love, even as he falls for someone. It's a smart script, but it's also completely overwritten, as every line feels like it's been carefully crafted to be absolutely hilarious. Thankfully, the cast adds some charm to the screen, and the genuinely witty script keeps the audience laughing.
5
6
Which movie ? A is based on a poor plot

H boasts positive reviews

C will have a continuation

E is a story of a screenwriterF has been unfairly criticizedG was shot on a location in space

**B** is boring for part of the audience

**D** is appreciated by young viewers

## Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A-H) the one which best fits each space (1-6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

## **Cowboy Chocolatier**

On the rare days when I happen to glimpse my distant and long-ago life as a child, I
remember my love of chocolate. I also remember cowboys - mostly through the
medium of television. Growing up on the wrong side of the pond,
(1) They seemed a pretty strong breed, likely to be found
out in the wilderness somewhere with a horse, a gun and not much else. Much later I
was fortunate enough to move to where some real cowboys live - Cody, Wyoming.
Tim Kellogg, the Meeteetse Chocolatier, was named as one of "Wyoming's 40 under
40" for 2009, proving beyond a doubt that (2) and turn his knowledge and passion into a successful business operation. He runs both a Meeteetse
knowledge and passion into a successful business operation. He runs both a Meeteetse
store and an online business.
Tim can be found in his store - dressed in true cowboy style - with his signature black
hat. Inside, the chocolates are displayed to good effect with Tim's motto "Fear No
Chocolate" inscribed on a blackboard by the door. Tim is proud of all his chocolates,
some of which, he explains, are the traditional flavours - Baileys, Champagne -
(3), while others are unique local treats, specific to their
community and to their creator's cowboy heritage.
Tim fell into chocolate-making by accident in the 1990s "to keep chocolate in the
family" after his grandmother died. Thus, (4), Tim decided
that he would be the backer and chocolate-maker for family occasions, and began to
make confections for his friends and family.
He is the sole chocolatier in his business (5) a few miles
outside of Meeteetse. This combination of roles can be seen unusual, but Tim is happy
to note that although his friends do find it funny, (6)
A found in fine chocolatiers all over the globe
B cowboys were unknown and mystical to me
C they are made with fresh, natural and organic products
<b>D</b> this cowboy knows how to make delicious goodies

USE OF ENGLISH Task 5

E and still spends two to four days a week cowboying on a ranch

**G** in an almost certainly unusual move for a cowboy

H this unexpected decision made him famous

**F** they have never been negative

## Read the text below. For question (1-10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

## Paper Plane That Flew Higher Than a Jet

Man	Many of us built paper planes to (1) around the classroom, but a											
tean	1 0	f British enth	iusia	sts had more (2	2)			plans - to send	d a			
раре	er p	lane towards t	he e	dge of space. Las	t y	ear, the aircraft, b	uilt	from paper and pa	per			
strav	WS,	and with a th	ree-	foot wingspan, v	vas	launched from a	ı sit	e in Spain. A heli	um			
ballo	oon	(3)		it to	an	altitude of 90,	,00f	t (17 miles) - 1	10t,			
adm	itte	dly, very (4)_			_to	outer space (whi	ich	is considered to be	gin			
arou	nd	50 miles abov	e the	e Earth's surface	), b	out higher than a j	um	bo jet would norma	ally			
fly (39,000ft). The balloon then (5), allowing the plane to glide gently back to Earth. (6) the way, it took pictures with a												
glide	e ge	ently back to l	Earth	n. (6)		the wa	ay,	it took pictures wit	h a			
mini	iatu	re camera be	fore	landing 100 mi	les	from the launch	ı sit	te. On examining	the			
aircı	aft,	the experime	ental	ists found it (7)		<del> </del>		_but for a tear in	its			
wing	g. S	trange as it ma	ay se	em, the project (	8)_			a success.				
		eration was m	aster	minded by Steve	D	aniels, John Oate	s ar	nd Lester Haines, w	vho			
		y (9)		with	n th	e idea after being	; ins	pired by a project	last			
					_0	f cheese into spac	e. I	They had done it, the	hey			
said	, fo	r a "laugh".										
	1	1			ı	T	1					
1	A	drop	В	start	C	throw	D	release				
2	A	long	В	ambitious	C	majestic	D	common				
3	A	lifted	В	ascended	C	blew	D	pushed				
4	A	nearby	В	similar	C	close	D	exact				
5	A	destroyed	В	flew	C	disappeared	D	exploded				
6	A	Through	В	Straight	C	Across	D	Along				

Task 6
Read the texts below. For questions (1-5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

C absolute

C turned over

C came out

C piece

D

D

D

D

reliable

pile

turned off

came across

A total

A sheet

10

turned out

came up

B

B

В

В

whole

loaf

turned up

came over

The Joy of	f Freshly	Baked	Bread
------------	-----------	-------	-------

When Elizabeth David published her magisterial English Bread and Yeast Cookery in 1977, the best book ever (1) on the subject, sliced bread was still king. But thanks to a new generation of skilled bakers, it has become (2) easier to buy a decent loaf. David's insightful guide to the history of bread making has now been republished.  Homemade bread goes stale fast, so don't make more than you need, says David. Soda bread is ideal as it is quick (3) and delicious when fresh. Simply halve the recipe if you only want to make one loaf. Placing a cake tin over the loaf while cooking (4) it to raise a little and prevents too hard a crust from (5)										
1	A	write	В	writing	C	written	D	writes		
2	A	more	В	much	C	most	D	many		
3	A	make	В	marking	C	to make	D	made		
4	A	helps	В	is helping	C	help	D	helped		
5	A	forms	В	formed	C	form	D	forming		
Hobby to Business  Read the texts below. For questions (1-5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).  Sarah Gold, a custom crystallization designer and president and founder of New York City Peach, (1)										

	3	A	trendy	В	trendiness	C	trendily	D	trendier
•	4	A	keep	В	v keeping	C	to keep	D	keeps
	5	A	like	В	of	C	as	D	to

### **BAPIAHT 9**

### READING

## Task 1

Read the texts below. Match choices (1–5) to (A–H). There are three choices you do not need to use.

## **Top Family Places to Visit**

Do you have trouble finding something to do that the whole family can enjoy? Don't

worry! These activities make perfect family outings for those weekends when you and your family need to get out of the house. In good weather or bad, you're bound to find something to satisfy everybody. Take the whole family on a trip. Visit each creature's exhibit and test your family's knowledge of animals. Little kids love to stop by the fence to mingle with a variety of friendly, furry animals. Older kids will enjoy learning about the various environments and eating habits of animals. If you live in a large city, or close to one, chances are you have it nearby. Satisfy your curiosity by exploring exhibits, ranging from marine life to astrology and everything in between. Be sure to catch a lecture, a live performance, or an IMAX showing. Who doesn't love it? Put on your player's jersey and support your favourite professional team with a family outing to the ballpark or stadium. Grab a hot dog and some peanuts, settle into Whether you seek thrills from hair-raising roller coasters, or prefer to glide on an oldfashioned carousel, this place has something for every member of the family. When you've had enough of the rides, don't forget to try some friendly family competition at the arcade!

Make this perfect rainy day activity a family affair. It can be entertaining and enjoyable, even for adults! Your parents will love seeing their favourite characters on the big

screen, and you can kick back, relax, and enjoy some quiet time. Besides, who can resist the popcorn?

A Circus

**B** Science Museum

C Kid's Puppet Theatre

**D** Hiking Trail

E Sports Arena

F Wildlife Park

**G** Cinema

H Amusement Park

## Task 2

Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

### What is a Ghostwriter?

A ghostwriter is a professional writer who writes stories, books, articles, web content, political speeches, or any other type of written material. The ghostwriter writes withoutreceiving credit for the work. Famous people such as politicians, sports figures oftenhire ghostwriters to pen speeches, autobiographies, or other kinds of books. Some people work full-time as ghostwriters, making their living creating material that will never have their byline.

Ghostwriters can write about countless topics, whether they need to write a cookbook, a thriller, or a biography. A ghostwriter may even serve as a book doctor, polishing the work of another author until it is publishable. This job may not be glamorous butit pays well.

Some writers work for book packagers. Book packagers hire writers to write booksfrom an outline or basic idea. Other writers may work for a web content company, writing keyword articles that will appear on a variety of web sites. No matter what type of ghostwriting a writer completes, she rarely has her nameon the finished product. Neither does she receive royalties from her work. Instead, a ghostwriter receives a flat fee for any work completed for either a company or individual. If a writer wishes to become a ghostwriter, she is required to "audition" for a company. This involves sending a writing sample to the company seeking new ghostwriters. If the company likes the writing sample, it will add the writer to its list of ghostwriters. Immediate work may be available for ghostwriters of web content. A writer who works for a book packager may need to wait until the packager has an opportunity that fits the writer's expertise or experience.

Ghostwriters must be excellent writers and have the ability to write quickly. They must be willing to remain hidden from the public eye, allowing celebrities or famous authors to take <u>credit</u> for the written work. Whether they are provided with a detailed outline, interview a person about his life, or write a book based on a general idea, ghostwriters are required to write quality material while staying out of the public eye.

# 1.According to paragraph 1, working as a ghostwriter involves all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_? A fitting into a specific literary genre B remaining an anonymous author C being employed by the politicians D being engaged on a regular basis

# 2. Which of the following is stated in paragraph 2 about ghostwriters?

- **A** They find clients themselves.
- **B** They restore damaged texts.
- C They write reviews of stories.
- **D** They make good money.

# 3.Ghostwriters are expected \_\_\_\_\_.

- A to take a special course
- **B** to be capable of working fast
- C to be experts in web site design
- **D** to have experience in publishing

# 4. The word "<u>credit</u>" in line 31 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A trust
- **B** money
- C recognition
- **D** responsibility

# 5. What is TRUE according to the text?

- A Ghostwriters have to pass an interview to get a job.
- **B** Ghostwriters are in demand with on-line companies.
- C Ghostwriters are involved in designing book wrappers.
- **D** Ghostwriters are required to use their pen-names.

#### Task 3

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There is one choice you do not need to use.

#### 1. PRESIDENT

A popular tourist hotel offering all rooms with bath, shower, TV, radio and telephone. Its amenities include the Saracen Carver noted for its fine roasts, licensed "Day and Night" grill bar/restaurant open until 2 am. and a popular cocktail bar with its own individual recipes. The shopping arcade with a gift shop and theatre ticket terminal, hairdressing salon, chemist and bank are added facilities for its guests.

#### 2. CONCORDE HOTEL

Under the same professional ownership as the Bryanston Court, this charming hotel continually attracts repeat visitors. Adjacent to the Bryanston Court, guests are accommodated in tastefully furnished rooms all with bath or shower, WC, TV, radio and telephone. The Concorde also has a small bar and breakfast room.

### 3. BLACKPOOL, DORIC HOTEL

Standing on Queens Promenade overlooking the sea, the amenities include regular dancing, family disco, open air swimming pool, indoor heated pool, sauna, solarium and games room. All rooms with bath or shower, WC, sea view on request.

# 4. SOUTHPORT, ROYAL CLIFTON HOTEL

Overlooking picturesque gardens and marine lake; a short distance from famous Lord Street; games room, lounges, cocktail bar. 150 rooms with tea/coffee making facilities, radio and telephone.

## 5. WINDEMERE, ROCKSIDE

A small establishment located 200 yards from Windemere village centre; under the personal supervision of Mr & Mrs N. Fowels. Two lounges, adjoining bar, good home cooking and friendly atmosphere make this a holiday to remember.

#### 6. WASHINGTON

Located close to Piccadilly, this well established hotel offers a spacious reception area, La Lafayette restaurant, and 4th Hussars Bar. In 1900 the Washington was an exclusive hotel for well bred ladies - the restaurant bar and stylish bedrooms of the present hotel are its worthy successors; 160 rooms with bath, TV, radio, direct dial phones.

#### At which hotel

A people return to stay again

**B** only female guests used to stay

C you can make your own drinks

**D** you can buy presents and souvenirs

E you can enjoy exclusively live music

F you can taste homemade food

**G** the restaurant offers national dishes

H you are offered the most entertainment

#### Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A–H) the one which best fits each space (1–6). There are two choices you do not need to use.

# **Queen Elizabeth Voted Greatest Living Briton**

The British public has voted for Queen Elizabeth II as the Greatest Living Briton for 2007. She beat former Beatle Sir Paul McCartney, ex-prime minister Baroness Thatcher and pop superstar Robbie Williams to the top spot. (1) at the star-studded ceremony to collect the award in person. However, her youngest son Prince Edward made a special tribute to his mother Via a video link. (2) among her people
in recent years. She has been on the throne since 1953 and is one of the few British royals to escape scandals. (3) after Diana, Princess of Wales, died in Paris in 1997, but she remains a much loved figure today.
The award for Greatest Living Briton is a new one. (4), one of Britain's most popular television companies. Guy Freeman of ITV said: "The Great Britons 2007 was a fantastic ceremony [showing] all that is so great about the United Kingdom." (5) set to become an annual event. The first winner, in 2005, was Tim Berners-Lee, the inventor of the World Wide Web. (6) for soccer star David Beckham, who picked up the Award for Global Achievement. This is for his
performance on the soccer field, his charity work and his efforts around the world to promote Britain and British culture.
<ul> <li>A He added that the awards ceremony is</li> <li>B Her popularity declined</li> <li>C The Queen has enjoyed great popularity</li> <li>D It is given by ITV</li> </ul>
E The Queen was not present
<ul> <li>F Another award given at the ceremony was</li> <li>G He was the first to be awarded</li> <li>H Queen Elizabeth got her highest award</li> </ul>
xx X acon Enzacedi Set nei inghest awara

# USE OF ENGLISH Task 5

# Read the text below. For questions (1-10) choose the correct answer $(A,\,B,\,C)$ or (D).

# **Formal and Informal Manners**

It is polite to say 'hello' or 'good morning' to somebody you meet, to say 'please' and
'thank you' to family and friends as well as to strangers, and to (1) if you hurt or
upset somebody. A warm tone of voice and a smile are also (2)
People shake hands when they are introduced to somebody for the first time but, except
in business, rarely do so when they meet again. Nowadays, unless there is a great age
(3), most adults use each other's first names straightaway. In shops and banks,
on aircraft, etc. customers are often addressed (4) as 'Sir' or 'Madam' to show
that they are important to the company.
Manners are expected even in situations when it is (5) to talk. A well-mannered
driver may, for instance, slow down to (6) somebody to cross the road or make a
gesture of thanks when another driver lets him or her pass.
In the past but less commonly today, people often bought books on etiquette to learn
how to (7) in polite society. Such books give suggestions for behaviour in very
formal situations and do not help much with normal life.
Formal manners are (8) of the British stereotype. British people used to shake
hands when meeting somebody, make polite conversation on general topics, but
otherwise remain distant. Men used to (9) their hat when a woman passed, walk
on the outside of the pavement when with a woman so that she did not get splashed by
traffic, and hold doors open for her. (10) feelings under control was also part of
good manners, and it was not thought appropriate to show anger, affection, etc. in
public.

1	A	excuse	В	forgive	C	sorry	D	apologize
2	A	strong	В	important	C	formal	D	influential
3	A	group	В	limit	C	range	D	difference
4	A	respectfully	В	sensibly	C	thoughtfully	D	individually
5	A	logical	В	rude	C	impossible	D	reasonable
6	A	allow	В	let	C	assist	D	help
7	A	function	В	behave	C	operate	D	do
8	A	part	В	piece	C	division	D	branch
9	A	take away	В	take off	C	take out	D	take down
10	A	hiding	В	holding	C	keeping	D	masking

Task 6

Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Today (1) than ever, every place in our world is connected to every (2)
place. To understand the far-reaching implications of decisions, (3) must
understand how human and natural systems connect places to each other. For example,
in (4), scientists discovered that the (5) winds that speed flights from
Chicago to Boston were also carrying power plant emissions from the Midwest that
were causing acid rain in New England.

1	A	many	В	more	C	much	D	most
2	A	other	В	another	C	other's	D	others
3	A	some	В	every	С	any	D	one
4	A	1980th	В	the 1980s	C	1980s	D	the 1980 <sup>th</sup>
5	A	prevails	В	prevailed	C	prevailing	D	prevail

# Task 7

Read the text below. For questions (1–5) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

# César Chávez Day

1	A	is observing	В	observes	C	observed	D	is observed
2	A	of	В	for	С	with	D	on
3	A	include	В	including	C	includes	D	included
4	A	to	В	eliminating	C	eliminates	D	eliminated

		eliminate						
5	A	Chávezs'	В	Chávez	C	Chávez'	D	Chávezs

# ДОДАТКОВІ ЗАВДАННЯ ЗАВДАННЯ 1

Прочитайте текст і заповніть пропуски А-F частинами пропозицій, позначеними цифрами 1-7. Одна з частин у списку 1-7 зайва. Занесіть цифру, що позначає відповідну частину пропозиції, в таблицю.

- 1. which is above Earth's atmosphere.
- 2. which are transmitted to scientists on Earth.
- 3. which is invisible to the human eye.
- 4. who calculated the speed at which galaxies move.

- 5. so it has a clear view of space.
- 6. because many stars are in clouds of gas.
- 7. but where it is.

A	В	С	D	Е	F

#### ЗАВДАННЯ 2

Прочитайте текст з пропусками, позначеними літерами А–G. Ці літери відповідають завданням після тексту А–G, в яких представлені можливі варіанти відповідей. Оберіть номер обраного Вами варіанту відповіді.

Tracy was as excited as a child about her first trip abroad. Early in the morning, she stopped at a A agency and reserved a suite on the Signal Deck of the Queen Elizabeth II. The next three days she spent buying clothes and luggage. On the morning of the sailing. Tracy hired a limousine to drive her to the pier. When she **B** Pier 90, where the Queen Elizabeth II was docked, it was crowded with photographers and television reporters, and for a moment Tracy was panic stricken. Then she realized they were interviewing the two men posturing at the foot of the gangplank. The members of the crew were helping the passengers with their luggage. On deck, a steward looked at Tracy's ticket and C her to her stateroom. It was a lovely suite with a private terrace. It had been ridiculously expensive but Tracy **D** was worth it. She unpacked and then wandered along the corridor. In almost every cabin there were farewell parties going on, with laughter and champagne and conversation. She felt a sudden ache of loneliness. There was no one to see her E, no one for her to care about, and no one who cared about her. She was sailing into a completely unknown future. Suddenly she felt the huge ship shudder as the tugs started to pull it out of the harbor, and she stood F \_\_\_\_\_ the passengers on the boat deck, watching the Statue of Liberty slide out of **G**, and then she went exploring. A 1) journey 2) trip 3) travel 4) tourist **B** 1) achieved 2) arrived 3) entered 4) reached C 1) set 2) came 3) headed 4) directed **D** 1) determined 2) resolved 3) decided 4) assured

- **E** 1) in 2) off 3) of 4) after
- F 1) among 2) along 3) between 4) besides
- G 1) glance 2) stare 3) sight 4) look

Встановіть відповідність між заголовками 1-8 та текстами А-G. Занесіть свої відповіді в таблицю. Використовуйте кожну цифру тільки один раз. У завданні один заголовок зайвий.

- 1. First computers
- 2. Risky sport
- 3. Shopping in comfort
- 4. Difficult task
- 5. Professional sport
- 6. Shopping from home
- 7. New users
- 8. Digging for the past
- **A.** A group of university students from Brazil have been given the job of discovering and locating all the waterfalls in their country. It is not easy because very often the maps are not detailed. The students have to remain in water for long periods of time. Every day they cover a distance of 35 to 40 kilometers through the jungle, each carrying 40 kilos of equipment.
- **B.** For many years now, mail-order shopping has served the needs of a certain kind of customers. Everything they order from a catalogue is delivered to their door. Now, though, e-mail shopping on the Internet has opened up even more opportunities for this kind of shopping.
- C. Another generation of computer fans has arrived. They are neither spotty schoolchildren nor intellectual professors, but pensioners who are learning computing with much enthusiasm. It is particularly interesting for people suffering from arthritis as computers offer a way of writing nice clear letters. Now pensioners have discovered the Internet and at the moment they make up the fastest growing membership.
- **D.** Shopping centres are full of all kinds of stores. They are like small, selfcontained towns where you can find everything you want. In a large centre, shoppers can find everything they need without having to go anywhere else. They can leave their cars in

the shopping centre car park and buy everything in a covered complex, protected from the heat, cold or rain.

- **E.** Not many people know that, back in the fifties, computers were very big, and also very slow. They took up complete floors of a building, and were less powerful, and much slower than any of today's compact portable computers. At first, the data they had to process and record was fed in on punched-out paper; later magnetic tape was used, but both systems were completely inconvenient.
- **F.** Potholing is a dull name for a most interesting and adventurous sport. Deep underground, on the tracks of primitive men and strange animals who have adapted to life without light, finding unusual landscapes and underground lakes, the potholer lives an exciting adventure. You mustn't forget, though, that it can be quite dangerous. Without the proper equipment you can fall, get injured or lost.
- **G.** Substantial remains of an octagonal Roman bath house, probably reused as a Christian baptistry, have been uncovered during a student training excavation near Faversham in Kent. The central cold plunge pool was five metres across, and stood within a structure which also had underfloor heating and hot pools, probably originally under a domed roof.

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G

### ЗАВДАННЯ 3

Прочитайте текст і виконайте тестові завдання. У кожному завданні виберіть правильну літеру.

#### The Slob's Holiday

My husband and I went to Reno for our holiday last year. "Isn't that place where people go to get a quickie divorce?" asked my second son? 'Yes', I said, trying to look enigmatic and interesting. 'You are not getting divorced, are you?' he asked bluntly. 'No,' I said, 'we are going to an outdoor pursuit trade fair. The children sighed with relief and slouched away, muttering things like 'boring'. I call them children, but they are all grown up. My eldest son has started to develop fine lines around his eyes – fledgling crow's feet. A terrible sight for any parent to see. Anyway, the piece isn't about children. It's about holidays.

The first thing to be said about holidays is that anybody who can afford one should be grateful. The second thing is that planning holidays can be hard work. In our household it starts with somebody muttering, 'I suppose we ought to think about a holiday.' This remark is usually made in July and is received glumly, as if the person making it has said 'I suppose we ought to think about the Bolivian balance of payment problems.'

Nothing much happens for a week and then the potential holiday-makers are rounded up and made to consult their diaries. Hospital appointments are taken into consideration, as are important things to do with work. But other highlights on the domestic calendar, such as the cat's birthday, are swept aside and eventually two weeks are found. The next decision is the most painful: where?

We travel abroad to work quite a lot but we return tired and weary, so the holiday we are planning is a slob's holiday: collapse on a sunbed, read a book until the sun goes down, stagger back to hotel room, shower, change into glad rags, eat well, wave goodbye to teenagers, have a last drink on hotel terrace, go to bed and then lie awake and wait for hotel waiters to bring the teenagers from the disco.

I never want to be guided around another monument, as long as I live. I do not want to be told how many bricks it took to build it. I have a short attention span for such details. I do not want to attend a 'folk evening' ever, ever again. The kind where men with their trousers tucked into their socks wave handkerchiefs in the direction of women wearing puff-sleeved blouses, long skirts and headscarves.

I also want to live dangerously and get brown. I want my doughy English skin change from white sliced to wheat germ. I like the simple pleasure of removing my watch strap and gazing at the patch of virgin skin beneath.

I don't want to make new friends – on holidays or in general; I can't manage the ones I have at home. I do not want to mix with the locals and I have nowish to go into their homes. I do not welcome tourists who come to Leicester into my home. Why should the poor locals in Holidayland be expected to? It's bad enough that we monopolize their beaches, clog their pavements and spend an hour in a shop choosing a sunhat that costs the equivalent of 75 pence.

So, the slob's holiday has several essential requirements: a hotel on a sunny beach, good food, a warm sea, nightlife for the teenagers, a big crowd to get lost in, and the absence of mosquitoes.

As I write, we are at the planning stage. We have looked through all the holiday brochures, but they are full of references to 'hospitable locals', 'folk nights', 'deserted beaches', and 'interesting historical sights'. Not our cup of tea, or glass of sangria, at all.

# 1. The parents' choice of holiday destination made the narrator's children feel

- a) jealous.
- b) excited.
- c) alarmed.

- d) indifferent.
- 2. The narrator's words 'A terrible sight for any parent to see' refer to
- a) the way children behave.
- b) the fact that children are aging.
- c) the way children change their image.
- d) the fact there is a generation gap.
- 3. When the need for holiday planning is first announced in the narrator' family, it
  - a) is regarded as an important political issue.
  - b) is met with enthusiasm by all the family.
  - c) seems like an impossible task.
  - d) is openly ignored.
  - 4. To find a two-week slot for a holiday potential holiday-makers have to
  - a) negotiate the optimum period for travel.
  - b) cancel prior business appointments.
  - c) re-schedule individual summer plans.
  - d) make a list of the things to be taken into account.
  - 5. The slob's holiday is the type of holiday for people, who
  - a) do not want to go on holiday abroad.
  - b) go on holiday with teenagers.
  - c) do not like public life.
  - d) prefer peaceful relaxing holidays.
  - 6. When the narrator says 'I also want to live dangerously', she means
  - a) getting lost in the crowd.
  - b) going sightseeing without a guide.
  - c) choosing herself the parties to go to.
  - d) lying long hours in the sun on the beach.
- 7. The main reason the narrator doesn't want to mix up with locals is because she
  - a) doesn't let tourists to her house at Leicester.
  - b) doesn't want to add to their inconveniencies.
  - c) is afraid to make friends with local people.
  - d) values her own privacy above all.

## ЗАВДАННЯ 4

Прочитайте текст і виконайте тестові завдання. У кожному завданні виберіть правильну літеру.

## **REVIEW OF LOCAL RESTAURANT**

The new restaurant, *Bailey's*, in Park Road is a great success. It opened last month and is now the most popular restaurant in Thornton town centre. It's smaller than the others and it's definitely more expensive, but the food is delicious. It's easy to get to because it's near the bus station and the main car park in town.

The owner, chef Mike Bailey, worked in a big London hotel before he started the restaurant and he learned to cook from some of the best chefs in the world. He thinks the most important thing is to have fresh food – everything on his menu is fresh. He buys his meat and vegetables from local farms and the fish is from the River Thorn. Believe me – it's all delicious!

My favourite dish on the menu is the roast chicken. It's a traditional meal but the vegetables are beautifully cooked and it comes with a special sauce. I loved the desserts. For me, the best dessert is the chocolate cake with home-made ice cream. For people on a diet, it's not a good idea to go to *Bailey's*!

The restaurant is also well designed and decorated. You can see directly into the kitchen and watch the young chefs at work. They cook quickly, but everything is always perfect. The smells from the kitchen are wonderful and they make you very hungry! The service is also very good and quick.

*Bailey's* is always busier than the other restaurants in town. Try it soon, but remember to book in advance. And don't eat anything before you go!

E	xample: A lot of people like Bailey's restaurant.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
1	Bailey's is a night club and fast food restaurant.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
2	It started a month ago.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
3	It's more popular than the other restaurants in Thornton.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
4	A meal at <i>Bailey's</i> is cheap.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
5	<i>Bailey's</i> is near the bus station and the main railway station in Thornton.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
6	The owner, Mike Bailey, is also a chef.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
7	The writer had chicken and mushroom soup for a starter.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
8	You can see the kitchen from the restaurant.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
9	Four chefs work in the kitchen.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
10	The waiters are sometimes slow and unfriendly.
	A True B False C Doesn't say

#### ЛІТЕРАТУРА

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#### Навчальне видання

# АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА

методичні рекомендації для аудиторної та самостійної роботи здобувачів вищої освіти ступеня «бакалавр» всіх спеціальностей денної та заочної форм навчання для підготовки до ЄВІ

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