

СЕКЦІЯ 1
ЕКОНОМІЧНИЙ РОЗВИТОК
ТЕРИТОРІАЛЬНИХ ГРОМАД ЯК СКЛАДОВА
НАЦІОНАЛЬНОЇ БЕЗПЕКИ УКРАЇНИ

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COMMUNICATION SUPPORT OF LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT
IN THE CONTEXT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF EU INVESTMENT
FRAMEWORK INSTRUMENTS

Modern science has developed methodological approaches to the implementation of structural policy in the process of decentralization, which is crucial for achieving sustainable development. Economic processes are becoming increasingly global and depend on the resolution of territorial conflicts. In the study "Global trends to 2030: can the EU cope with future challenges?" [1] we will highlight the following global trends of change: the growing interdependence of countries in the process of globalization (the need for global control increases accordingly); the aging of the world population and the growth of material inequality; digitalization mitigates radical and destabilizing changes in the world; "revolution in technology" radically changes society. Consequently, globalization and deglobalization trends are becoming more and more unpredictable.

Decentralization processes are affected by financial uncertainty. Economic science pays special attention to issues of trust, the construction of behavioral macroeconomic models to argue for the restoration of public trust. In economics, agents' expectations about the gaps between public debt, spending, and taxation affect both the fiscal multiplier and debt sustainability. Accordingly, the modeling of heterogeneous processes of formation of expectations in the market enables agents to change the rules of activity at each stage of the business cycle. Research on the behavior of agents has shown that when agents are optimistic about the future gaps in public debt, the fiscal multiplier tends to increase, regardless of the nature of the fiscal shock [2, pp. 12-39]. Therefore, the effectiveness of the government and local executive bodies depends on the reality of assessing the economic situation.

The policy of decentralization is aimed at encouraging economic innovations, strengthening the business environment for more dynamic investment attraction, and increasing the costs of scientific research. The process of rebuilding Ukraine requires solving various political and economic problems [3, pp. 101-113; 4]. In the context of European integration aspirations, it is worth noting that each EU member state

coordinates its activities and competencies to avoid supporting separate initiatives with a similar goal or with "low impact" [5].

Reforming territorial communities should be aimed at removing barriers to economic recovery. The Council of Europe in Ukraine implements the projects "Strengthening judicial and extrajudicial means of protection of the rights of persons affected by the war in Ukraine" and "Assistance in the development of housing solutions for persons affected by the war in Ukraine" [6]. Together with the public organization "Return Your Own", measures are being taken to verify real estate owners within the administrative procedure and verification of real estate owners within court proceedings. As part of the issue of verification of real estate owners within the administrative procedure, special attention is paid to the sources of confirmation of ownership (digital data compared to paper media), loss of access to the archives of the technical inventory bureau, preservation and protection of information about the ownership of Ukrainians, taking into account the challenges of wartime.

The introduction of the Unified State Register of Addresses will ensure interaction between information systems at different levels of management [7]. This will enable citizens to have reliable data in the register and receive several necessary social and administrative services (registration of the place of residence, receiving benefits or subsidies). This will facilitate interaction between regional military administrations, regional state administrations, and communities regarding information verification.

In the context of European integration trends, it is important to activate the creation of National registers of property rights for the use of the international compensation mechanism. This will make it possible to expand national compensation procedures to temporarily occupied territories, as well as to start a pilot project for online registration of property rights.

Regarding the verification of real estate owners within the framework of court proceedings, the issue of confirming ownership rights in court in cases of loss of title documents deserves attention; trends in the judicial practice of considering cases by Article 392 of the Civil Code of Ukraine; improvement of the mechanism of verification of the owners of the destroyed housing within the framework of the court procedure and recognition of the right of ownership of the inherited property in the court procedure in the context of access of the heirs to the compensation procedures.

Summing up, we note that the policy of decentralization should be focused on maintaining stability and strengthening the potential for reconstruction and recovery of the Ukrainian economy by strengthening public administration. This will contribute to the strengthening of competition and the quality of management decisions.

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